

VILLA REFUSES TO FIGHT THE UNITED STATES

More Troops and Ships Rushed to South

WILSON SENDS A SHARP WARNING TO CARRANZA

MEXICAN "SNIPERS" AT LAST SILENCED BY BLUEJACKETS

Admiral Badger Reports Desultory Fighting Over at Vera Cruz — Americans Search Houses for Arms.

THREE MORE AMERICANS KILLED BY THE "SNIPERS"

And 25 Are Wounded. Badger Reports Food Supply Short — Change for Better Appearing.

Washington, April 23.—Fighting in the city of Vera Cruz finally has stopped. Rear Admiral Fletcher by wireless under date of 9 o'clock tonight reported that desultory firing that had continued since the American forces landed Tuesday had been silenced by a house-to-house search and disarming of all inhabitants.

NAVY DEPARTMENT MAKES STATEMENT.

At midnight the navy department issued the following statement:

"Writing from Vera Cruz at 9 p. m., Thursday, General Fletcher reports that the desultory firing which was still going on at the time he reported a house-to-house search and the disarming of the inhabitants. After making his proclamation, Admiral Fletcher had a long conference with the principal city officials, at which he carefully explained the attitude of the United States. He reports that the officials appeared willing to resume their official duties, but that they feared consequences for acts from the Mexicans. Pending their resumption of their official duties, Admiral Fletcher says he is appointing officers to supervise the administration of the city government.

"Simultaneously with the effectual suppression of the guerrilla warfare which had been carried on, a great change for the better is reported. Admiral Fletcher reports that at the time of his dispatch many people were appearing in the streets and that a number of stores, business houses had resumed business during the afternoon.

"Fear is still expressed for the waterworks as the supply is running low and an expeditionary force will leave tomorrow morning for the waterworks to insure water supply. The food question is serious. The defense line of trenches extends around the city and out to the sand hills.

"The admiral reports that the natives believe that the Mexicans will return to attack Vera Cruz."

3 MORE KILLED AND 25 WOUNDED.

Admiral Badger tonight reported to the navy department that three more men had been killed and twenty-five wounded in the fighting at Vera Cruz. Those killed in today's fighting were D. J. Lane, seaman; E. H. Frohlichstein, ordinary seaman, and E. C. Fisher, ordinary seaman.

Today's wounded list included: Frank Phillips, drummer; George J. Soden, gunner's mate, second-class; E. G. Wright, ordinary seaman; H. Firth, ordinary seaman; L. H. Taylor, seaman; W. O. Keas, chief turret captain; R. E. Lee, ordinary seaman; Edward C. Walter, seaman; H. P. Nagrowski, private; R. O. Jans, seaman; W. L. Hawk, boatswain's mate, first-class; T. V. Biscup, boatswain's mate, second-class; J. L. Harris, seaman; F. A. Stevens, ensign; C. C. Williams, ordinary seaman; S. J. Everett, ordinary seaman, and L. F. Bates, seaman.

Secretary Daniels tonight gave the news in this statement:

"Admiral Badger wires tonight that he landed the battalion from the Minnesota, Michigan and South Carolina

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Views of Vera Cruz Seized by United States



1. VERA CRUZ. 2. CATHEDRAL AND PUBLIC SQUARE.

The entire Fifth brigade, comprising the Fourth, Seventh, Nineteenth and Twenty-eighth Infantry, has been ordered to embark on transports at Galveston for Vera Cruz. The transports

Anti-American Feeling Flaming Into Outbreaks In the Mexican Capital

Washington Is Advised That Americans Are in Danger — Anti-American Outbreaks Reported at Other Points.

Washington, April 23.—Private advices reaching here today in code from Mexico City, disclosing that Americans there were in danger, have been communicated to government officials.

The dispatches, which were from a source of unquestioned trustworthiness and bore date of today, set forth that mobs of Mexicans were forming for anti-American demonstrations; that Americans on the streets had been menaced and threatened with violence, and that they were concentrat-

ing at the embassy for mutual protection.

The state department had been advised that between 800 and 1,000 American citizens still are in Mexico City.

AMERICANS TAKEN OFF AT TAMPICO.

Washington, April 23.—Reports from Admiral Badger to the navy department today declared that American and foreign refugees at Tampico had been taken off from the city through the courtesy of British and German cruisers. The admiral reported all quiet at Vera Cruz.

Rear Admiral Mayo sent this report to the navy department today from Tampico:

"By courtesy and energy of the captains of the German and British cruisers there are now on board our ships about 1,200 American refugees. More are expected tomorrow, coming from outside points. Merchant ships taking men on board."

Rear Admiral Badger reported to the navy department today from Vera Cruz that he was sending the Esperanza with about 400 refugees to Galveston, where they will be landed. The Esperanza will then return for more. Admiral Badger will charter the steamer Mexico City and send her to Tampico to transport other refugees to Galveston, and the collier Cyclops also will be employed to carry refugees away from Tampico. In transmitting this report the admiral said it was his intention to send ships to Tuxpan to take off refugees. The number of American refugees to arrive at Galveston would aggregate 2,000, he estimated.

The reference in Admiral Mayo's dispatch to the "courtesy and energy of the captains of the German and British cruisers" was explained in another dispatch as meaning that the American ships were lying outside the river about nine miles from the city of Tampico and the officers of the British and German cruisers volunteered to transport refugees to the American ships lying outside.

RIOTING REPORTED AT PUERTO MEXICO.

Galveston, Texas, April 23.—Wireless messages received here today from Puerto Mexico, 120 miles south of Vera Cruz, on the Mexican gulf coast, where

will undoubtedly prove the center of American operations in Mexico. It is the chief seaport of the republic and is the key to Mexico City, being connected with the capital city by two lines of railroad.

ATLANTA SCHOOLS TO BE CONDUCTED ON "UNIT SYSTEM"

Commissioner Guinn's Resolution to Cut Down Number of Grammar Grades From 8 to 7 Adopted.

The "unit system," regarded as the most progressive school innovation in effect among grammar schools of the United States, will be inaugurated in Atlanta at the start of the 1914-15 scholastic year.

Commissioner R. J. Guinn's resolution to put Atlanta's schools on the "unit system," to cut down the grammar grades from eight to seven, and providing for a complete restructuring of the schools and limiting the number of pupils to forty for each teacher, was adopted at the meeting of the city educational board Thursday afternoon.

Will Select School Books.

Within a few weeks the school board will be required to select school books for the public school children; the books to be used for a period of five years. Changes which are expected will cost school children or their parents approximately \$11,500, according to an estimate by Commissioner Terrell. The "unit system" will cut down the number of books required, and will enable the school board to establish a more elastic system of districting the children.

Figures show that of the total number of school children entering the public schools, only about 5 per cent finish in the eighth grade. Under the law it is required that a child must be six years old before it can be entered, but it is a well-known fact that the superintendent and the board of education have not been able to enforce the rule. The "unit system" will provide a plan of studies to best fit a boy or girl for entering the vocations they select. Also by cutting out the eighth grade more room will be furnished in the schools of eight grades to accommodate the smaller children in the first, second and third grades, the most overcrowded.

Continued on Last Page.

Villa Says He's Glad the United States Has Bottled Up the Port of Vera Cruz; Explanation Is Made for Carranza

El Paso, Texas, April 23.—General Francisco Villa, head of the rebel military forces, informed George C. Carothers, special agent of the state department, that he will decline to be dragged into a war with the United States by anybody.

"Why," he smiled as he threw an arm about the broad shoulders of the government representative, "all Europe would laugh at us if we went to war with you. They would say 'that little drunkard Huerta has drawn them into a tangle at last.'"

Villa said he was not consulted in the drafting of the Carranza note transmitted to Secretary Bryan last night and which was regarded as somewhat hostile in tone.

The rebel leader told Carothers, who reported the interview to the state department tonight, that one of the chief reasons he came to Juarez was to show the American people that his attitude was friendly and that he did not fear to trust himself on the border without a military escort behind him.

Wilson Answers Carranza By an Embargo on Arms And More Border Troops

Washington, April 23.—United States troops moved tonight to reinforce the American navy at Vera Cruz; the embargo on arms into Mexico was formally restored, and troops were ordered to the Mexican border, primarily to relieve uneasiness among border residents, but also as a precaution against hostile military operations along the international line.

Secretary Garrison announced that a brigade of infantry and some artillery under Brigadier General Frederick Funston had been ordered to embark on the four army transports at Galveston for Vera Cruz to support the expeditionary forces of marines and blue-jackets there. The chance that General Maas, the federal general, might make a return attack on Vera Cruz with reinforcements, and the possible necessity for a forward movement toward Mexico City to protect fleeing Americans, and the Vera Cruz railroad were the underlying reasons for the military movement.

AMERICAN TROOPS MOVING ON MEXICO

Fifth Brigade Ordered From Galveston to Vera Cruz. More Infantry and Artillery Are Ordered to Border.

Washington, April 23.—Secretary Garrison announced at 9 p. m. that the embargo against shipment of arms into Mexico from the United States had been restored.

Three regiments of infantry at San Francisco and the artillery at Fort Riley, Kansas, were ordered tonight to report to Brigadier General Bliss for services along the Mexican border.

Secretary Garrison's statement follows:

"The department has been in receipt of many telegrams from places along the border showing apprehension, and to relieve the tension I have ordered additional troops to report to General Bliss, to be distributed at such places as he finds advisable under the circumstances."

"Three regiments of infantry at the Presidio of San Francisco will report to General Bliss, together with some artillery from Fort Riley. "Under orders from the department no munitions of war will at present be permitted to go over the border. "A brigade of infantry and some artillery will be dispatched from Galveston to Vera Cruz to co-operate with the navy there."

Brigadier General Frederick Funston has been assigned to command the brigade ordered to Vera Cruz from Galveston. "Orders issued at a flurry. The Fifth brigade of the first division U. S. A., tonight received orders to embark on waiting transports for Vera Cruz. The orders caused a flurry of preparation, but little remains to be done except get up steam in the ships' engines. The brigade has been ready here for three days and the transports have taken on two months' provisions and 500 coffins. It is expected the brigade will sail late tomorrow."

WILSON IS COMPARED TO ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Rome, April 23.—The Tribune compares President Wilson to President Lincoln. Both, it says, were possessed of the same Biblical inspiration, the same vigorous puritanism, the same combative ideals. Neither was satisfied to remain content in his own uprightness, but wished others to be upright. Both were pacifists, and yet both had to assume the leadership in war.

EMBARGO ON ARMS ORDERED RESTORED.

The restoration of the embargo on arms was officially announced after the pronouncement of General Carranza, the constitutionalist chief, that he regarded the seizure of Vera Cruz as a violation of Mexican sovereignty had been considered by the administration. While Mexican constitutionalists here protested that Carranza's real attitude was friendly, the American government decided to take no chances and abruptly stopped the shipment of all arms into Mexico.

President Wilson earlier in the day had issued a statement warning General Carranza, the constitutionalist chief, that the United States was dealing now and would continue to deal with those whom Huerta commands "and those who come to his support."

President Wilson put Carranza on notice of the intention of the United States to enforce reparation, "whenever and wherever the dignity of the United States is flouted."

WILSON'S REPLY TO CARRANZA.

The president's statement follows: "I wish to reiterate with the greatest earnestness the desire and intention of this government to respect in every possible way the sovereignty and independence of the people of Mexico.

"The feeling and intention of the government in this matter are not based upon politics. They go much deeper than that. They are based upon a genuine friendship for the Mexican people and a profound interest in the re-establishment of their constitutional system. "Whatever unhappy circumstances or necessities may arise this object will be held steadily in view and pursued with consistent purpose, so far as this government is concerned."

UNITED STATES DEMANDS RESPECT.

"But we are dealing with facts. Wherever and whenever the dignity of the United States is flouted, its international rights or the rights of its

FALL OF VERA CRUZ PLEASES VILLA.

Carothers took supper with Villa and canvassed the situation thoroughly.

"Honest," said the rebel general between mouthfuls, "I hope the Americans bottle up Vera Cruz so tight they can't ever get water into it. Your admiral is doing something it would have taken us a long time to accomplish, if we could have accomplished it at all."

The general brought with him a hundred woven rugs of the softest lamb's wool as a present for General Scott, who recently left Fort Bliss to become assistant chief of staff at Washington. Carothers promised to forward them along with Villa's congratulations to the recipient of the promotion.

Villa said he had arranged with all foreigners, except Spaniards, to ship out their cotton from Torreon on paying a war tax, to which the foreigners had agreed. He said Spanish cotton was not included in the arrangement, having been confiscated. There are 75,000 bales there, valued at \$450,000.

CARRANZA'S AGENT EXPLAINS NOTE.

Roberto V. Pesquera, Carranza's confidential agent here, insisted today that the note of his chief to Secretary Bryan was not hostile, but was intended as a basis for further negotiations. He was expecting a reply from Mr. Bryan setting forth the views of the state department.

The rebel position is that the American troops should be withdrawn from Mexican soil, Carranza recognized as de facto president or at least as a belligerent, and the punishment of individual Huerta, and the other individual offenders left to the rebels.

Carranza, it recognized, would not hesitate to apologize and disavow the acts of one whom he considers a traitor.

"I think his statement was fair and frank," said Pesquera, "and by no means a threat of war."

He was asked if the words used by Carranza, "will drag us into an un-

Weather Prophecy UNSETTLED.

Georgia—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably local showers Friday night or Saturday.

Local Report.
Lowest temperature..... 64
Highest temperature..... 81
Mean temperature..... 72
Normal temperature..... 63
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches... .00
Excess since 1st of month, inches... .17
Deficiency since January 1, inches... .771

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS and state of WEATHER.	Temperature.	Rain 24 hrs.
	Temp.	High. Low.
ATLANTA, cloudy.	71	81 .00
Birmingham, pt. cldy.	74	82 .00
Boston, clear.	44	52 .00
Brownsville, cloudy.	74	82 .00
Buffalo, clear.	46	50 .00
Charleston, pt. cldy.	88	80 .00
Chicago, cloudy.	52	52 .00
Denver, clear.	56	58 .28
Des Moines, cldy.	58	60 .06
Galveston, cloudy.	70	74 .04
Hatteras, clear.	54	66 .00
Houston, cldy.	69	64 .00
Jacksonville, pt. cldy.	70	80 .00
Kansas City, cldy.	66	68 .28
Knoxville, cloudy.	69	64 .00
Louisville, cloudy.	68	72 .00
Memphis, pt. cldy.	72	78 .00
Miami, clear.	76	78 .00
Mobile, clear.	70	80 .00
Montgomery, pt. cldy.	74	80 .00
Nashville, cldy.	78	82 .00
New Orleans, clear.	72	80 .00
New York, clear.	58	68 .00
Oklahoma, cloudy.	68	70 .00
Phoenix, cloudy.	68	70 .00
Pittsburg, clear.	54	56 .00
Portland, rain.	54	56 .00
Raleigh, cloudy.	66	74 .00
San Francisco, clear.	58	60 .00
St. Louis, cloudy.	70	80 .00
St. Paul, rain.	54	60 .02
Salt Lake City, cldy.	58	68 .00
Shreveport, cldy.	66	72 .24
Vicksburg, cldy.	72	78 .00
Tampa, clear.	74	86 .00
Toledo, clear.	42	42 .00
Washington, clear.	56	62 .00

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Section Director.

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A Bed for Every Sick Man

The enlargement of Grady hospital means a bed and the right sort of scientific attention for every man, woman and child in Atlanta who has need and right to call on a municipal hospital.

Not everyone in Atlanta requires personally the service Grady can give.

Some people can afford the private sanitariums, with which Atlanta is admirably supplied.

Others must depend upon the municipality.

They want the best.

They deserve the best.

They are the community's workers, its human dividend-makers. Upon their efficiency depends the reaping of Atlanta's destiny.

A VOTE

CREASE EC

U. S. IS A VOTE TO IN-

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equal warfare with dignity, but which until today we desired to avoid" did not mean that Carranza at last did desire war.

SAVES CARRANZA DESIRES PEACE

"Not at all," he replied. "I couldn't mean that because I know that my chief wants peace." For a time it was thought the translation might be at fault and that Carranza's Spanish really meant, "but to this very day we desire to avoid," but careful examination of the original showed that the translation was correct. It was made by Samuel Belden, Pequeña and Carothers in consultation. They carefully weighed the meaning of every word and phrase.

Pequeña said, as giving evidence of the peaceful intentions of the rebel government, that Carranza had refused a number of offers from federal garrisons to join him if he would take the field against the United States.

"To all of these offers, we have returned negative replies," said Pequeña. "We cannot join forces with Huerta for any purpose."

General Villa received reporters to-night and guarded replies to a number of questions. Asked if foreigners would be protected should the translation be brought into a war against the United States, he replied:

"Our forces, in an event which I hope will not come about, would take the opportunity of proving to the world that we are a civilized people and capable of following all rules of civilized warfare. I would give perfect guarantees to all neutral foreigners and am willing to vouch for this personally."

READY TO OBEY GENERAL CARRANZA.

When asked whether he would join forces with Huerta in war against the United States, he replied:

"As I have already stated, such an event is improbable, but to answer your question, I must state that I am a soldier and am ready to follow all orders of my chief, General Carranza."

General Villa, when asked to express an opinion on General Carranza's note to President Wilson, replied: "It was written with the brain of a Saxon and the soul of a Latin."

He would not make any statement as to his opinion regarding President Wilson's message of yesterday to General Carranza, beyond the following: "I am a soldier and not a diplomat, and in that capacity it would be improper for me even to comment on that matter."

Pequeña made the following formal comment on President Wilson's statement of today:

"The wishes and intentions which he manifests to respect by all means the sovereignty of the United States is another evidence of the great mental and moral standard of President Wilson, and I expect future developments to further prove it."

There were no official communications between Carranza and President Wilson today, although a statement was expected from Washington.

REBELS CEASE TO FIGHT FEDERALS.

Brownsville, Texas, April 23.—Hostilities between Mexican federal and constitutional forces, fighting for the possession of Monterrey, largest city of northern Mexico, have ceased, according to reports here today, and leaders of the two armies conferred under a flag of truce in a situation existing between the United States and Mexico.

Nothing official concerning the report that Carranza had ordered the evacuation of the city of Monterrey was received here today, but it was stated that the federal forces at Monterrey had moved south with the intention of joining the forces at Saltillo.

Much anxiety is felt among citizens here and many precautions are being taken. The guard at the international bridge has been doubled and the local militia company recruited to war strength.

General Jesus Carranza, commander at Matamoros, said today he had been instructed by his brother, General Francisco Carranza, to avoid all trouble. He would make no further statement concerning a long dispatch from Governor Carranza.

The Matamoros garrison is comparatively small and reinforcements sent to Monterrey.

REBELS TO ATTACK TAMPIOCO FEDERALS.

Brownsville, Texas, April 23.—General Zaragoza, federal commander at Tampico, Mexico, has been given twenty-four hours to surrender by General Carranza, commanding the constitutional forces which have been besieging the city, according to a message given out at constitutional headquarters at Matamoros tonight.

This was counter to the report that Carranza had ordered the evacuation of the city and that Carranza had ordered the evacuation of the city and that Carranza had ordered the evacuation of the city.

It was said by constitutionalist officials that the American consul at Tampico and the commanders of American warships in the harbor had been notified by General Carranza of his ultimatum to the rebels.

The date of the ultimatum was not given, but it was expected news of a battle late tomorrow or the next day.

REBELS REPORTED JOINING FEDERALS.

San Antonio, Texas, April 23.—It was reported late today that 300 former constitutionalist soldiers have joined the federal forces, encamped ten miles south of Piedras Negras.

The situation here is tense and among many unconfirmed rumors is one that four American citizens were killed at Matamoros of Seventh United States Infantry and Battery C, Third Cavalry, which have been on the border patrol here, were ordered to day to proceed to El Paso.

Fourteen cavalry, also on border duty, was ordered to concentrate here to relieve the force transferred to El Paso.

50 MERCER STUDENTS PREPARE TO ENLIST

Macon, Ga., April 23.—(Special.) Fifty students of Mercer university have expressed a desire to enlist in case of war with Mexico, and this morning sent a committee to call on the local recruiting officer of the army to find out the method of procedure.

It is understood to be the desire of the Mercer boys to organize a military company of their own and be among the first to offer their services if a call for volunteers is made.

MARINES WANTED FOR U. S. SERVICE

Sergeant Miller Receives Orders to Recruit Every Possible Man Without Lowering the Standard.

Sergeant H. O. Miller, in charge of the Atlanta recruiting station of the United States marine service, on South Broad street, has received orders to recruit every man possible without lowering the present standard of qualification.

The army or navy recruiting stations in Atlanta on Thursday had not received any orders.

Sergeant Miller states that since the arising of the Mexican crisis he has had several times as many applicants for enlistment as during the months preceding, and also has enlisted several times as many men.

"In the last two days," he says, "I have enlisted five men, which is more than I enlisted in the entire of last month. I have turned down scores of men in the last several days who wanted to enlist. The reason for this is that the qualifications for the marine service are so much higher than in either the army or the navy."

Besides at the marine recruiting station, there have been many applicants at the army and navy stations.

And, too, the glamor of adventure and the thirst for glory aroused by the recent Mexican developments is having its effect upon the ranks of the national guard.

There has been a noticeable increase in applications for enlistment in the Fifth regiment, Captain W. H. Leahy, stationed on Thursday at the last several days he has enlisted ten new men in his company, the Grady Cadets, of the Fifth regiment.

Adjutant General J. Van Holt Nash, who on Wednesday received orders to ascertain where available sites for mobilization camps should be had and to make tentative contracts, has received no further orders. He has notified the headquarters of the first division what may be expected in these particulars in Georgia, and is now awaiting further communication.

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MEXICAN ATTACKED BY U. S. SENATORS

Lodge, Borah and Others Declare We Are at War With Mexico—Policy of Administration Criticized.

Washington, April 23.—The senate late today, after considerable debate, passed the emergency resolution giving President Wilson \$500,000 to be used in his discretion for the removal of American citizens from Mexico. The resolution, which passed the house yesterday, went at once to the president for his signature.

That the United States and Mexico actually are at war today and that before another forty-eight hours is passed, in my judgment, we shall be at war with United Mexico," was the declaration of Senator Borah today during the debate.

United States to Get Out.

Senator Borah declared that the United States should immediately get out of Mexico, out of Honduras and Nicaragua. Senators Smoot and Borah criticized the way in which the administration has handled the Mexican situation.

"We are enforcing upon the people of Nicaragua a government they do not want. It is just this gradual encroachment into the affairs of our neighbors that we are doing."

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PRESIDENT WILSON WARNS CARRANZA

Continued From Page One.

citizens invaded, or its influence rebuffed where it has the right to attempt to exercise it, this government must deal with those actually in control. It is now dealing with General Huerta in the territory he now controls. That he does not rightfully control it does not alter the fact that he does control it. We are dealing, moreover, only with those whom he commands and those who come to his support. With these we must deal. They do not lawfully represent the people of Mexico. In that fact we reject because our quarrel is not with the Mexican people and we do not desire to dictate their affairs. But we must enforce our rightful demands upon those whom the existing authorities at the place where we act do, for the time being, represent."

PASSPORTS GIVEN TO DIPLOMATS.

When the United States has chosen Brazil to look after its interests in Mexico, service to the United States by the French consuls will act for the United States.

During the day a special reserve fleet ranging from dreadnaughts to tiny gunboats was ordered to the Atlantic coast of Mexico. No fighting of any consequence was reported from Vera Cruz; the American land forces pushed their way three miles inland to some important breakwaters to make their position secure. The admiral, Fletcher and American Consul, had been occupied most of the day in Vera Cruz, the American land forces pushed their way three miles inland to some important breakwaters to make their position secure.

British and German vessels took off more than 1,200 refugees at Vera Cruz, the American land forces pushed their way three miles inland to some important breakwaters to make their position secure.

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NEW YORK AND TEXAS GUARDED BY MEXICO

Washington, April 23.—Secretary Daniels late today issued orders forming a special service squadron for service on the east coast of Mexico. Rear Admiral Cameron, Mr. Winslow has been selected to command and will hoist his flag on the New York, which will leave Sunday or Monday to join the fleet now in Mexican waters.

The special service squadron will consist of the battleships New York and Texas, armored cruisers Washington and Montana; the Tacoma, Des Moines, Chester, Salem, Nashville, Dolphin, Castine, Machias, Paducah, Wheeling, Petrel, Eagle and other vessels that may become available from time to time.

Most of these vessels are well adapted for inshore work on the Mexican coast and the experience and ability of Rear Admiral Winslow eminently fit him for command of this squadron.

Admiral Winslow, chosen to command the special service squadron, is in command of the Atlantic fleet.

**REVILERS OF THE FLAG
ARE TO BE ARRESTED**

New Orleans, April 23.—Superintendent of Police Reynolds has issued an order for the arrest of any person making "disparaging" remarks about

the army and navy and the American flag on the streets of this city. The order was issued when the superintendent was advised that four soldiers in uniform had forcibly dispersed a group of street orators who were haranguing a crowd and charging that the army and navy were subsidized.

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**VERA CRUZ RAILWAY
SEIZED BY FORCES
OF UNITED STATES**

Major Smedley D. Butler Leads Detachment of Marines to Capture Strategic Point Held by Huerta's Men.

**MEXICANS ARE MASSING
TO ATTACK AMERICANS**

Reported Huerta's General Is Gathering Troops to Attempt to Retake Vera Cruz. Americans Say Mexicans Cannot Retake City.

Washington, April 23.—American marines and bluejackets today gained possession of breastworks three miles inland from Vera Cruz. This position is on the railroad to Mexico City, and had been in possession of Huerta's

diers since the United States forces took possession of the city.

General Gustavo Maas, former Mexican commander at Vera Cruz, was reported today to be intending to move against the city with strong reinforcements brought up from Puebla.

Major Smedley D. Butler, of the marine corps, was dispatched on outpost duty with a detachment of marines to a position a few miles beyond the western limits of the city on the railroad. They took light field pieces with them. Many of the men were drawn from the Panama battalion formerly commanded by Major Butler.

The city was prepared throughout the night for an attack by the Mexicans. Captain Rush, acting under the orders of Rear Admiral Fletcher, continued in immediate command of the garrison.

With the exception of the tramping of detachments of sailors and marines, there was scarcely a sound in the city, but occasionally a sniping shot was heard from the suburbs.

6,000 AMERICANS HOLD VERA CRUZ.

The strength of the American forces on shore at Vera Cruz was estimated this morning at 6,000 by Commander Charles F. Hughes, chief staff to Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger. They are accompanied by a full equipment of field guns and machine guns.

Although General Gustavo Maas was reported to be assembling inland several thousand Mexican troops for an assault on the city, Commander Hughes said that the American force in Vera Cruz was capable of repelling such an attack without using the ship's big guns, which might cause damage to the city.

Rear Admiral Badger's latest figures this morning gave the total of the American casualties as 12 dead and 45 wounded.

Several of the latter are probably fatally hurt.

Flag officers from the American fleet boarded every liner today and looked over the manifests for arms and ammunition. They warned the commanders not to land war supplies.

Several small coasting vessels were taken in charge by American officers who sent them out of the inner harbor because it was thought they might harbor Mexican sharpshooters.

The flag officers were instructed to impress upon all the Mexican ship commanders and others the fact that the United States was not making war on Mexico, but was merely holding Vera Cruz in order to obtain reparation for injuries.

No alarming reports were received from Tampico today, but an American squadron outside the breakwater was coaled and ready to proceed there at an hour's notice.

HOW AMERICANS TOOK VERA CRUZ.

Early yesterday morning the city of Vera Cruz was in undisputed possession of the American invading forces. Although there was no organized force against them and the snipers were less in evidence than at any time during the fighting, eight Americans were killed and about thirty wounded. While the Mexicans suffered more severely, the number of their casualties had not been ascertained, but the best estimates indicated that in the engagements of Tuesday and Wednesday their dead amounted to about 150. No person knows how many Mexicans were wounded, as a large part of them were taken away and hidden by friends.

In the streets about the plaza Wednesday afternoon lay fifteen or twenty bodies, a majority of them attired in citizen's clothing. Some of the men evidently had been dead for some time, and the heat made their disposal imperative. One of the first orders given after the town had been captured was to bury the Mexican dead.

When the city was taken, the order was given to advance carefully and search every building for men bearing arms.

Scores of prisoners were taken, most of them protesting volubly, many hysterically, that they were not guilty of any unfriendliness toward the Americans. Accustomed as the Mexicans are to their own contending forces immediately shooting all prisoners taken, the captured men could not but believe that they would be executed. The most surprising action of Wednesday was the taking of the naval academy. Aside from that fight there was no definite organized opposition. A hot fire was poured into the advancing Americans from the naval college,

In Constitution's \$25,000**Gift Campaign There Will****Be No Losers; Enter Today**

The attention of the public has been called to the size and scope of the voting contest inaugurated by The Constitution. Since first announced, interest in the contest has increased.

So valuable are the prizes offered for votes, and so equitable the arrangement for their distribution, that no good reason for not accepting the opportunity offered can be raised.

Simply gather subscriptions to The Constitution. These subscriptions bring votes and votes win the prizes.

The time is so short that successful candidates will be enjoying their automobiles, self-player pianos, etc., before some people wake up to the fact that opportunity has come and gone.

Quick, energetic campaign is called for. A start may be made now.

which for a time held them back, but the few well-directed shots from the cruisers Chester, San Francisco and Prairie tore gaping holes in the stone wall and silenced the fire of the Mexicans inside. The bluejackets then they had in hand.

MADE PRISONERS BY THE SHELLS.

A squad of soldiers, despite the shelling it had received Tuesday, continued to give considerable trouble to the Americans from the battered Benito Juarez tower. After they had been silenced it was discovered that the shells from the warships had torn away the stairways in the tower and the men had been unable to leave the tower and had no alternative except to fight. At 10 o'clock Wednesday morning the tower was captured.

possession of all the city except the southwest quarter, in which the barracks and a few outlying districts. At noon they had taken the main plaza of the city, which faces the main plaza of the city, was captured by the Americans.

There was great surprise among the Mexicans who had gathered there that the prisoners were not released. They had been accustomed to seeing the victors always release prisoners and then impress them all into his army.

Chief of Police Antonio Villa Vicencio was taken prisoner by the Americans shortly after they had occupied the main plaza of the city. It was suggested that he continue to direct the city's protective system. He took the matter under consideration and then the frightened mayor acceded to Admiral Fletcher's suggestion, which was made through Consul Canada.

Had the Mexicans might have been spared the humiliation of being forced from their positions and undoubtedly a number of lives would not have been sacrificed.

WAS TOO LATE.

Coincident with the orders for the general advance of the Americans an aerial white-haired Mexican carrying the white flag of truce, came down a street from the center of the city. He carried a letter to the chief of police, the only authority he hoped to reach, and asked Consul Canada to read it.

It was an urgent appeal to the chief of police to call off the snipers and prevent the bombardment. He believed would follow if they continued their firing. Before the messenger had climbed the stairs into the consul's office Captain Rush was informed of the contents of the note he bore and immediately sounded "cease firing" and "halt."

But it was too late. The action had been begun all along the line and it was not considered wise to attempt further measures to stop it. The commanders ordered their men forward at double quick, which they carried out with vim and carrying words gave them the city.

Blood-bespattered sidewalks, broken windows and bullet-riddled walls gave the plaza a gruesome aspect. Within the hotel, where the Americans had been since the commencement of hostilities. When the square was taken they were notified that they might go to other places, but that they probably would find no further danger by remaining in the hotel.

It was not until late Tuesday that the last of General Maas' men on top of the hotel received orders from outside the city to vacate their position. The order was obeyed by a portion of the hundred men who were occupying the roof and vantage points in the interior, but a small portion of the band disobeyed orders and stayed to the last. These men, however, surrendered Wednesday morning. A lieutenant, who was in command of the Mexicans, was led out a prisoner, and, although he had fought bravely, he trembled and turned pale in the belief that he would be shot.

AMERICAN WOMEN NOT MISTREATED.

None of the American women were mistreated by the Mexicans during the occupation of the building. A few of the women assisted the Mexicans in caring for their wounded.

In the fighting in the center of the inner harbor, San Juan de Uloa, an ancient stone fortress, flew the Mexican flag throughout the attack. The commandant and 60 armed men and 300 workmen in the navy yard peered from the embrasures and fired rifles lying 500 yards away, and the other ships shelling the naval academy. In the dangerous echoes of the guns of the ships reached 500 prisoners through a 16-foot gap.

Captain Stickney, of the Prairie, went through the fortress several days ago and found a number of heavy guns in a shed outside the wall of the fortress. When the Americans were ordered to land, Captain Stickney sent word to the commandant of San Juan de Uloa that he would blow him to pieces with the Prairie's guns if he opened fire against the Americans, but that otherwise he would not be disturbed. The commandant replied that he would answer with his cannons if fired on, but that he would not commence hostilities.

When the engagement ashore began the commandant hoisted a brilliant new Mexican flag, which flew all day long.

Rear Admiral Fletcher instructed the Spanish cruiser Carlos V to go outside the breakwaters in order to give the Prairie opportunity to fire her guns. The Spanish commander said he dared not maneuver his boat in so small a space at night. He also declared he needed to take on a supply of fresh water. Admiral Fletcher yesterday directed that his order be carried out, and the Carlos moved outside just before the attack on the city was begun.

CITY WAS WARNED BY FIFTEEN SHELLS.

When Admiral Fletcher directed that battalions of bluejackets and marines be landed from Rear Admiral Badger's ship before dawn and drawn up in the plaza before the railroad station and the proceed to take the entire town, he acted only after warning, and after fifteen shells from the Prairie's three-inch guns had been thrown into the steel framework of the new market, which faces Market place.

A persistent but scattered fire came from rifles in the market in all the daily hours of the morning, and Admiral Badger's men landed to the winning accompaniment of rifle bullets.

When the rush was started Admiral Badger's bluejackets, clad in orange-colored clothing, made for them in the trip down by dyeing white uniforms with iron rust, moved in a column formation up the water front, past the market and across the front of the naval college, a long three-story structure built of adobe stone. The column moved steadily forward until the first company had passed beyond the college and the remainder were covering the whole front close against the wall.

Suddenly a spatter of rifle firing broke out along the roof. The jackies stood their ground. Some huddled close to the wall to avoid the rain of steel-jacketed bullets from above while some dashed across a small open space.

These bluejackets dropped on their stomachs and in that position kept up a fire on the foe above them. Finally the American officers hustled the men in shelter of nearby buildings without, however, losing any ground.

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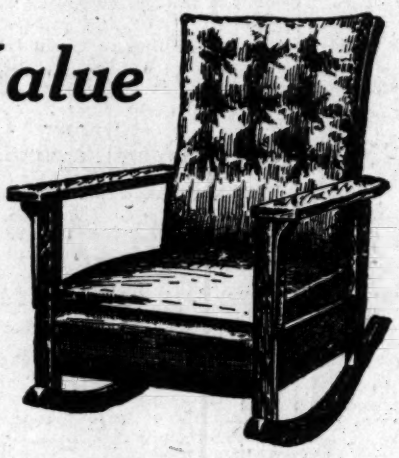
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The same in fumed oak or mahogany upholstered in russet Japasote leather is \$11.50.

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THE TASK AHEAD.

Unless Carranza changes his mind within the next few hours the probabilities are the United States will have to deal with a united Mexico.

Undoubtedly, the hothouse in Carranza's councils have forced him to take an attitude which cannot be construed otherwise than as intention to show armed resentment to the policy of our own country.

The self-interest both of Carranza and Villa would have dictated a hands-off policy while the United States eliminated Huerta.

Carranza and Villa could then, as circumstances developed, demonstrate their fitness to take over the task botched by Huerta, backed up by the powerful support of this government.

But it seems the Mexican national pride, a mysterious and baffling entity, has been stirred by the incidents at Vera Cruz.

What Huerta hoped and schemed for may come to pass.

However much the constitutionalists may despise him, they will be compelled to listen to anti-American prejudices within their own ranks.

That means our task will be much more formidable than the mere blockading of a few ports.

We will meet with organized opposition in the north of Mexico, and hostilities will transpire on land as well as sea, with the possibility of the entire national guard being called upon for actual service.

The prospect is not a pleasant one. The best hope in the foreground is that the constitutionalists may yet conquer their prejudices and accept in good faith the declaration of President Wilson that he has no sinister designs on the territorial integrity of Mexico.

Should we be coerced by force of circumstances to occupy all of Mexico, the task will be costly in men, money and complications.

It is useless to blink facts. Carranza and Villa have well-trained hordes. The army of Huerta showed spirit and dash at Torreon.

In no direction will it be a "walk-over" for the troops of the United States.

We can cut off the supplies of both factions, of course, and gradually starve them into submission.

But the undertaking will be a tedious and bloody one, and even after we have shut all recognized ports of entry into Mexico, arms and ammunition will continue to drift in by underground routes.

All this is written not in a spirit of pessimism, but of candor.

In the long run, we will pacify Mexico, and achievement will not be a "picnic."

It will involve huge expenditures, and it may saddle us with tremendous additions to an already swollen pension list.

The only consolation is that when peace eventually is restored, a war indemnity will in a measure protect us.

But not even a war indemnity will restore lost lives and invalidated men.

In the meantime, there is the disturbing possibility that violence toward Americans and foreigners generally in Mexico may inspire complications of a far-reaching nature.

The position we occupy on this hemispheric drive has driven us into a disagreeable and onerous task. We could not have ignored it.

But the rabid "war party" at home may now see the wisdom which led Mr. Wilson to exhaust every resource before courting the situation that now confronts us.

in the commercial history of Atlanta, but in the trade tendencies of the entire country. The Chicago chamber of commerce is among the liveliest, and certainly it is the best organized trade body in the country.

Its work is subdivided between a large number of committees, each of which is headed by an expert in his particular field. What Chicago does not receive in the way of custom legitimately due it is not the fault of this aggressive and many-sided machine for business-reaping.

Chicago picks Atlanta as one of the strategic southern cities with whom it will be profitable to intensify business relations. The business-getters of Chicago see a parallel between the briskness of the big city on the lakes and the briskness of the big city that overshadows the southern states.

They intend to form, if possible, a coalition looking to the promotion of their mutual business interests.

That is the significance, so far as Atlanta and Chicago and other southern cities are concerned, of the missionary trip of these live wires.

The larger national significance lies in recognition by business men of first caliber that the opening of the Panama canal, world trade and national trade will undergo a radical evolution.

The lanes and lines of traffic, of buying and selling, will be readjusted.

Competition will "speed up." The community that gets the most out of these new conditions will be the community that has formed working relations with its neighbors, since knowledge and amicability are tremendous factors in the promotion of business.

The Atlanta and the Georgia chambers of commerce and the industrial bureau of the local organization have shown active appreciation of these cardinal facts.

What Chicago is doing to get acquainted with its territory, Atlanta is doing to get acquainted with its territory. The Southern Merchants' conventions, and similar gatherings, are testimony in that direction.

UNHAPPY COLORADO.

Within the past few days the labor disturbances in southern Colorado have occasioned about as many deaths and disabilities as our taking of Vera Cruz, reckoning with American losses only.

The entire national guard of Colorado is to be called into action. A virtual state of anarchy prevails. The mandate of the state appears to go for nothing, either as between the striking miners or the operators.

It ought to be impossible for such a situation to exist in a civilized country. There might be slight palliation if the disturbances had merely begun, and the disorder could be attributed to the natural friction engendered by the early bitterness of partisans.

But for several months violence and upheaval have been the program in the mining districts in Colorado. Time and again state troops and disaffected miners have clashed, blood has been shed and bad feeling created. There was the unfortunate incident of "Mother" Jones, which at one time threatened farspread and disastrous circumstances.

In some respects, the situation in Colorado, West Virginia and Michigan shows parallel lines.

In each instance there is organized obstinacy from both disputants and their partisans.

Efforts to bring about compromises are met with indifference or with a spirit of unreasonableness.

Neither side seems disposed to admit that concessions should be made mutually, and both sides exhibit a continuous contempt of the rights of that great third party, the public.

The question as to whether the strikers or the operators in these three states have merit on their side is not the cardinal issue.

The point that matters is that lawlessness has supplanted law, and that business interests near to and remote from the immediate industries are badly affected. And the longer strife continues, the deeper and more costly will be the scars left upon the entire industrial fabric.

The more one contemplates conditions of this nature the greater becomes the conviction of the necessity for compulsory arbitration, compulsory mediation or compulsory publicity.

WHEN NEGROES "CLEAN UP."

C. M. Tanner, pastor of the Bethel African Methodist Episcopal church, gave excellent counsel to his congregation recently upon the subject of sanitation and hygiene. The following keynote to his sermon might with profit be read by every man and woman of the negro race in Atlanta, and the south for that matter:

It is not enough that we keep the places where we work clean. We must carry this cleaning process into our homes and to the yards and streets around our homes. We owe it not merely to the city, but to ourselves. Too often we see our people employed in keeping the homes of others in order, but these same people cannot be persuaded to spend one hour of their spare time to keep their own yards and homes clean.

A particularly apt portion of this advice is that which applies to the negro learning lessons in sanitation and disease-prevention from the homes in which he works.

Today the gospel of modern cleanliness is so widespread that hardly one white person out of fifty does not understand its cardinal principles.

This means that in all white homes, and white business houses able to employ negroes in the capacity of servants or workers, twentieth century rules of sanitation are likely to be observed.

If the negro will casually study these rules and then apply them in his own environment, a far step will have been taken toward the solution of the problem of the disease and death rate.

Better still, would be ordinances that enforced rigid sanitation upon negro as well as white.

Just from Georgia

Right on the firing line.
Our fighting men of the strong sea,
And the regiments so fine,
Stake all your wealth that they're glad to be
Right on the firing line!

Right on the firing line.
Their guns and sabers shine;
To a thunder-song
They march along—
Right on the firing line.

They cleave a pathway through the deep,
"Old Glory" is the sign
By which their foes from the field they'll sweep
Far from the firing line.

Right on the firing line
With courage high and fine,
They march away
To the crimson fray
Right on the firing line.

The Limit.
Attributed to a traveling man: "A firm doing business in Mexico found that the cashier was stealing. The man was arrested and sent to the penitentiary. In a couple of weeks he came back and applied for his old job. 'I thought we sent you to the penitentiary,' said the manager. 'You did,' was the reply, 'but they transferred me to the army and I did not like it and came home.'"

The Eagle Bird.
The eagle's bird has the call now—
Zephyr who would ruffle or rife!
The Peace Dove has taken a fall now—
They'll put it in pickle a while,
The bird for all danger and daring,
Acclaimed by all patriot-sons,
And the mad foes of Freedom are hearing
His war-scream high over the guns!

ATTRACTING NOISE

AIN'T A CHANCE IN THE WORLD TO GET THROUGH HERE JERRY—TOO MUCH MUD!



Limit in Lutescence.
A Billville paper tells of a man who prays for a hurricane to split the wood for him and toss it to the fireplace, then calmly waits for lightning to run down the chimney and light the fire.

The Wise Editor.
Says The Hammond News: "Some editors are mighty well posted on the skirts ladies wear, or fall to wear. One of them even knows what color they formerly wore and just how many they now wear. Very observing editor, that."

Watch Out!
Far to the spectral war-fires led
Her foes—they shake and shiver;
Old Glory's lookin' wrathful-red;
They'd better hunt for kiver!

Playing Even.
This one appeared in The Burlington Independent:
"A woman lay at the point of death several weeks, but finally recovered. On her first trip downtown she put her head in the door of the undertaker's shop and called out: 'Stung again!'"

The Usual Brand.
"There's no war fever in this section," says The Whitsett Courier. "What there is is a partake of the Spring variety. The drowsy ones are swinging hammocks between shade trees, and yesterday we heard a fisherman complain that the fish tugged at his line so they woke him up the minute he got to sleep."

Down South, in Georgia.
I.
All the country lookin' fine
Down South, in Georgia;
Fields of cotton, corn and wine
Down South, in Georgia.
Sweets on sweets the scenes unfold,
For a 200-acre farm for ever
Down South, in Georgia.
Dreamin' of the harvest gold
Down South, in Georgia.

II.
Take my hand my honey sweet
Down South, in Georgia;
Don't you hear the world's heart beat
Down South, in Georgia?
Raise your eyes and sigh no more,
Ship has gained the shiny shore,
Good times knockin' at the door
Down South, in Georgia.

Too Risky.
"I'd volunteer for the war," he said, "but the old lady's been wantin' my job of sheriff for the longest, and if the women get the votin' privilege while I'm gone she'd be sheriff of this here county quicker'n a wink! She's already singled out half a dozen men that need hangin', an' once she got good in office there'd be no hope at all for 'em; so I reckon I'll sorter hold off a while—unless the government tells me that it needs me special."

His Modest Wants.
"I am sending you an original war poem," writes a North Georgia correspondent. "I make no charge for it, although I need the money."

"I want to be a general
And with the generals stay.
For dollar and a half a day.
I want to go to Mexico—
'Tis there I'd take my stand
That folks may say some future day:
'He sure did save the land!'"

A Daily Text.
Says a Georgia sage: "As soon as you understand that you haven't cornered all the wisdom in the world you'll be wise enough to do better."

All Along the Line With George Fitch

MELBOURNE.
Melbourne, the metropolis of all Australia and about 5,000 miles of ocean on all sides of it, has about 700,000 people, which is doing very well for its age. In 1856 it had only 18 turf huts, being smaller than Chicago at that time.

Melbourne, however, had 11,000 people in 1841, which was about three times as much as Chicago could show. Then the high steamer rates stepped in and hand-picked the Australian, and while in 1856 it had 100,000 people, it could not keep up the pace. Today Chicago is four times its size and Chicago visitors exclaim to the natives "What a beautiful little village you have here!"

Melbourne is situated on the east coast of Victoria, about 15,000 miles from London, which is related to it financially and politically. To reach Melbourne the American visitor takes a truck full of gold and six months off and sails southwest from San Francisco until the steamer comes out of the fog. The city is the capital of Australia and will be until the new American designed capital is built in the up-country bush.

Melbourne is a very handsome city, situated on a large bay and a little river. In spite of the fact that it has about 3,000 miles of back yard, mostly uncultivated, it is a small city and has not followed Chicago's plan of spreading the territory as far as the climate and constitution will permit. Melbourne has wide streets, great public buildings, plenty of colleges and universities and some great houses, street cars and skyscrapers. For this reason American visitors feel perfectly at home in Melbourne, and if it were not for the fact that it has a large number of vacant lots with billboards on them, they would hardly imagine themselves in a foreign land.

Melbourne is a great manufacturing city and also produces great numbers of tennis players, oarsmen, cricket champions and football teams. It has the kind of climate that has made Los Angeles famous and snowfalls are unknown except at election time.

COMFORT.
Comfort is an era of good feeling on the part of the human body. When a man has comfort no part of his body has any complaint. He feels as good as his back and his legs feel as well satisfied as his digestive plant. He is at peace with the world and the man who tries to pry him out of his arm chair to make a speech before a board of directors is as likely as not to be used for damages.

Comfort is entirely a matter of education. The poor, ignorant savage is so brought up to think that he is comfortable when he is squatting under a banana leaf in a rain-storm. The early settlers in this country thought they were comfortable when they had a log cabin and a few chickens. Now, in the winter. Nowadays, however, such startling advances in comfort have been made that when a man buys a \$5,000 automobile whose upholstery has been laid by an upholsterer, he hands his wife refers to the car with scorn as a back breaker and orders him to sell it at any price.

Comfort has been so perfected in these scientific days that it takes many thousands of dollars to secure even a passable specimen. Once the American citizen could go out in the forest with an axe and fashion a chair which was tolerably kind to his bones. Nowadays, a good, comfortable chair, deeply cushioned in imported leather, costs \$100. And even then the average man is not comfortable in it until he has draped his feet over a \$200 magazine reading table.

Comfort is one of the great goals of humanity. They are people, however, so passionately devoted to art that they will sacrifice comfort in its interests. Whenever we wander through a perfect home filled with beautiful models of ancient furniture, which made the tortures of the inquisition much less horrible, or the torments of those times than we imagine, we burn with joy to think that we do not have to live up to the expectations of art.

American homes are the most comfortable in the world. If American railroads competed more with American homes, passenger traffic would rise by leaps and bounds.

BOLIVIA.
Bolivia is a nation but has never impressed the general attention with this fact very thoroughly. It is situated in the interior of South America and can be reached by landing in a surf boat in Chile and climbing on a muleback. This road garden contains Lake Titicaca, which has 3,000 square miles and is the largest body of water in the world. It is a shallow lake, having no outlet. Thunder clouds are often drowned in this lake because they are unable to rise above it.

The Chacoan Plains contains Chiriquio, Chachacomani, Pama, Aullaguar and Desaguadero but the prospective visitor need not be alarmed. There are no diseases nor disagreeable insects. They are the names of famous Bolivian rivers, lakes and mountains.

Bolivia is so large that its government has never been able to keep track of its boundaries. For many years it has been the custom of the South American nations which needed territory to go and seize it off to Bolivia. Its area has thus been reduced from about 750,000 to 500,000 square miles. However, there is still room in the country for a 200-acre farm for ever.

Bolivia had 1,625,000 people in 1910, of whom about 50,000 could read and write. Most of these people are Indians and can trace their lineage back to very early times, when the Incas ran that part of the country and Europe was a howling wilderness. However, the Indians do not do this because it is too much trouble.

Bolivia is a cold, hot, damp, dry, misty and dreary country in which keeping alive has always been considered quite a feat. Most of its land is impenetrable forest and jungle. It exports rubber, cocoa, chinchilla wool, tin and silver, imports almost everything needed, including livestock, though it has room for millions of cattle and it is rapidly with its fingers crossed. Only the rich and educated can vote. However, it has four capitals, which take turn about in running the country.

Bolivia has been a free country since 1825 but doesn't know it yet.

Brief Yarns.
(From The Chicago News.)
Two old fishermen had imbibed overmuch and, overcome with a great desire to sleep, they stretched themselves on the warm beach sands and were soon sleeping heavily. The tide crept in, awakening the one nearest the water as a wavelet dashed a quantity of salty liquid into his mouth. Half asleep, he started to arise, saying, "It's time we waded out of this house. They're changin' the drink on us."

An old country woman stepped into a suburban drug store and laid on the counter a prescription for a mixture containing two decigrams of morphia. The druggist exercised the utmost care in weighing the dangerous drug. "What a shame!" she cried. "Don't be so stingy; it's for a poor orphan girl."

DAILY GRIST from the STATES POLITICAL GRIND

JUDGE HARRIS WILL MAKE RACE; MAY ANNOUNCE AT ANY TIME NOW
Macon, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Judge N. E. Harris' announcement for governor may be expected at any time. He left little doubt about the matter in an interview he has given out. He declared:
"Yes, I think I will enter the race. I have been hearing from all over the state, and unless something should occur not now anticipated, I will make an announcement at an early day."

"Of course, I would like to be governor of Georgia. It's an honor that no man should underestimate. Besides, it brings the occupant of the position in close contact with the people, shows him their wants more clearly, and familiarizes him with all the details of self-government. The state is so large, however, that no man can make the race alone. He needs the help of his friends to get his cause before the people."

HUNDREDS OF TENDERS OF SUPPORT BEING RECEIVED BY JUDGE HOLDEN
Athens, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—The friends of Judge Holden throughout the state have eagerly responded to the suggestion of his name in connection with the race for governor, and his mail for the past few days has contained hundreds of letters tendering him enthusiastic support.

Many papers over the state have come out strong for Judge Holden, claiming that he is in many respects the strongest candidate that this section could present. Judge Holden, himself, continues to maintain the silence which has characterized his attitude from the beginning of his boom. He is giving the matter deep consideration, but has reached no definite conclusion as regards his own action. Until he does so he will make no statement. Judge Holden's boom began with his friends and admirers a short time ago, and in spite of his silence, has already grown to such proportions that his name is mentioned throughout the state as one of the strongest probable candidates.

It is claimed here in Athens that should Judge Holden decide to enter the race, he will be certain of 17 or 18 counties in the section upon which to start. The people of his old judicial circuit and of neighboring counties have of their own accord asked him to run. South and middle Georgia people are also joining in the movement.

From his old home, Augusta, and Crawfordville, have come spontaneous and enthusiastic endorsements.

GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES GALORE EXPECTED BY AUGUSTA CHRONICLE
A recent editorial in The Augusta Chronicle under the heading, "An Embarrassment of Candidates," is interesting as an indication of the mixed condition politically the state may find itself in within a short while. Among other things, The Chronicle says:

"This threatens Georgia, gubernatorial race almost overwhelms us. If we have had one, we've had a half-dozen letters and personal inquiries from prospective gubernatorial candidates, asking what we think of their chances."

"Since we decided to obliterate the old factional lines for ourselves, we can view with some degree of complacency the past political affiliations of any one of them, or all of them; hence we can pick our gubernatorial candidate this time—if we have to pick one—more for what he is doing today than what he did two, four or six years ago."

"But we do confess that the number of them is confusing to us. Whether it was six or eight, or maybe ten, at the least count, we can't quite remember; but we do know that only one of them can win."

SOUTH GEORGIA'S TIME HAS COME.
Under the heading, "South Georgia's Attitude," The Albany Herald, in editorially commenting upon claims being put forward by its section of political recognition in the campaigns to be run this summer, says:

"We note that some of our brethren of the fourth estate who live in the upper part of Georgia are having difficulty in assimilating the true significance of South Georgia's insistence that this part of the state should have a voice in the selection of governors, senators, etc., and that this section might even be allowed to furnish a governor or a senator, now and then."

"The reason why South Georgia yearns for a whole pie instead of a small section off of a slice is that it has never been allowed to have a pie in the past. It is human nature to want the things we cannot get, and there is a whole lot of human nature in that part of the present political situation in Georgia which is causing the lower half of the state to insist that its time for furnishing an occasional senator and governor has arrived. It is like the case of the small boy grown to where he can eat a truck the bully who has been making life miserable for him."

"Politically speaking, South Georgia is just simply itching to lick the bully. And she is going to do it."

"When?"
"Oh, soon!"

ANNOUNCEMENT FROM QUINCY EXPECTED EARLY NEXT WEEK

Waycross, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Reports received in Waycross indicate that Judge J. W. Quincy will issue a statement regarding his decision in the eleventh district congressional matter early next week. Judge Quincy was in Waycross yesterday en route home from Pierce county, where he presided at the regular term of superior court.

The general opinion seems to be that Judge Quincy will announce for congress. He has, however, visited and conferred in various parts of the eleventh, and his actions are taken by his friends and by those who are keeping up with the situation in the eleventh to mean but one thing—an announcement for congress.

RURAL MAIL CARRIERS WILL AID SPEER IN MILEAGE MATTER

State Treasurer W. J. Speer is in receipt of the following letter regarding the apportionment of the automobile tax:

"Having read in an issue of your paper that you were in a quandary as to the apportionment of the automobile tax among the various counties of the state, it being necessary to ascertain the rural route mileage in order to make the apportionment according to the new law. I am sure that the postmasters at every office from which a rural route mileage is taken will gladly supply you with the information showing the mileage traversed by each rural carrier in the respective counties they serve."

"For instance, were you to apply to the postmaster at this office for the desired information, he would instruct each carrier to supply this information, which is easily done, as each carrier is familiar with the location of the county lines. On route No. 1, that I serve, I pass through three counties, viz., Morgan, Greene and Putnam. There is sixteen miles in Morgan, seven miles in Putnam and two miles in Greene county; a total mileage of twenty-five. Route No. 2 has twenty-five miles in Morgan county and the star route has four miles in Morgan county and three miles in Greene county."

"The postmaster general has frequently issued orders requesting postmasters to assist in every manner he can to encourage the good roads movement and especially on mail routes; therefore, I feel assured that the desired information can easily be obtained."

"The rural carriers, individually and through their association, will gladly assist you in obtaining the desired information. Assuring you of my personal co-operation in this effort to secure statistics desired. Yours truly,

FRED L. WHITE,
President Good Roads Club of Georgia.

APPLICATIONS FOR COMMISSIONS RECEIVED BY GOVERNOR SLATON

Governor Slaton arrived in the city Thursday, after a two days' absence in Brunswick and Savannah. He found quite a mass of letters awaiting him, among them being three applications for commissions in the national guard of Georgia. With the war only three days old and the part that Georgia troops are to play in the war has not yet been determined, this is not a bad beginning and indicates that patriotism is not on the decline in the grand old commonwealth of Georgia.

Before very long we may expect to have a brand-new crop of military officers who will vie in valor with Colonel Bob Berner, Colonel John S. Candler, Major John S. Cohen, Major Marcus Beck and others who went to the front when their country called them at the outbreak of war with Spain.

NO NEW CANDIDATES APPEAR IN THE GROUP OF GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES

There seems to be a temporary lull in the group of gubernatorial candidates. For two days no new one has bobbed up. It is generally understood, however, that by the first of next week things will take definite shape. At that time it is thought the decision of Judge W. E. Thomas will be definitely known. Should he decide not to run, at least two well-known statesmen will jump into the contest instantly. On the other hand, should he decide to make the race, it will have the effect of cutting down the crop materially.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CONSULTED REGARDING WAR AND INSURANCE

Attorney General Warren Grice has been indirectly drawn into the war situation. No, he is not going to war! He is going to stay right here and run for attorney general; but he is possibly the first official in the state to be called on to decide an interesting question. Wednesday, when he was his first cousin, who is sergeant major of the Fifth regiment, called on the attorney general to learn if, in the case of his death in far-off Mexico his life insurance would be paid. The attorney general reserved his decision until he had seen the policy. Sergeant Grice is determined to go—pay or no pay.

CHASTAIN ASKS BERRIEN VOTERS TO SEND HIM TO CONGRESS

Nashville, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Colonel E. S. Chastain, of Nashville, has entered the race for representative of Berrien county. Colonel Chastain is originally from North Carolina, but has been a citizen of Nashville for several years. He is a man of great ability, and is a member of the local bar.

VOTING COUPON

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Society

Ray-Felker.

A beautiful wedding of the past week was that of Miss Julia Ray and Mr. George Walton Felker, Jr., which was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Robertson, on Wednesday afternoon, April 22, at 4 o'clock.

Just before the ceremony Mrs. Oscar Gower sang "O Fair, O Sweet and Holy."

The wedding march from Lohengrin

was played by Miss Hester Tichenor. Two tiny couples, Master Felker Lewis and Miss Frances Ray, Master Arthur Mobley and Miss Harriet Ray, came through the hallway and opened the folding doors leading from the reception hall and dining room into the drawing room, thus revealing a beautiful tableau. Beneath a canopy of valley lilies and tulips, studded with tiny electric lights, before an improvised altar which had for its back-

ground a lovely arrangement of palms, ferns and Easter lilies, the bride party stood. Rev. W. F. King performed the ceremony.

During the ceremony Miss Tichenor softly played "O Thou Sublime, Sweet Evening Star."

The bride was beautiful in her wedding gown of soft white charmeuse, with trimmings of princess lace and seed pearls.

Her veil was held by a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of valley lilies.

The flower girls carried long-handled baskets of sweet peas, tied with pink satin ribbon.

After the ceremony an informal reception was held.

Punch was served by Misses Louise Felker, Mary Mobley, Helen Cox and Elizabeth Nowell.

Many handsome gifts attended the popularity of the bride and groom.

Mr. and Mrs. Felker left on the afternoon train for New York, Niagara and other points.

The bride's going-away gown was of midnight blue pebble cloth, with a stylish hat of black, trimmed with blue.

They will be at home in Monroe to their friends after May 10.

A large number of out-of-town guests were present.

Mrs. Whiteside had visited the Grady hospital Saturday evening, and was accompanied by Mrs. Elizabeth McCar-

Mrs. Whiteside Makes Stirring Appeal for Greater Hospital

After a stirring appeal in behalf of "a greater hospital" by Mrs. Francis Smith Whiteside, president, the Atlanta Equal Suffrage league yesterday passed a resolution endorsing the bond issue, through which the greater hospital can be accomplished.

Accompanying this resolution was another which will be presented to proper authorities, asking that women have representation on the city hospital board and on the city finance committee.

This action of the suffrage league is in accord with the general disposition of Atlanta's leading men and women, to give women representation on city boards, and an amendment to the city charter will be presented at the next meeting of the legislature to make women eligible to hold office on these boards.

Mrs. Whiteside had visited the Grady hospital Saturday evening, and was accompanied by Mrs. Elizabeth McCar-

thy, secretary of the league. They happened at the hospital when the out-of-door clinic was in activity, and there they saw conditions of a most deplorable nature which are repeated each day.

White and colored cases were waiting their turn, and in one case where a young white girl had been taken violently ill and brought to the hospital, there was no bed for her.

The case was one of immediate emergency, but she had to be kept in the passageway, where the out-of-door clinic was going on, until another patient, scarcely able to be sent home, was taken from her bed and sent home and room made for the emergency case.

The condition of the various wards, the size and bad condition of the kitchen and laundry, were surveyed by the ladies, who brought the message to the suffrage meeting. The resolution endorsing the bond issue was unanimously passed.

No More Black Smoke And No More Hot Steam To Ruin Summer "Togs"

Elegant summer gowns worn by ladies and Palm Beach suits worn by men will no longer be endangered by the locomotive engines at the Pryor street railroad crossing shooting forth a volley of hot steam upon pedestrians who are blocked at the crossing waiting for trains to pull out.

Chief of Police James L. Beavers, following the receipt of letters from Edward R. Austin and R. E. Hastings, who said that while they were standing at the crossing late Wednesday afternoon waiting for a Louisville and Nashville train to leave the station, they were deluged with a steam shower that ruined their clothing, placing them for a while in a very embarrassing position, issued a general order to his policemen Thursday afternoon to warn all engineers about the matter.

Chief Beavers' order further warned the locomotives when they cross underneath the Peachtree viaduct from belching forth volumes of black smoke, which causes much discomfort to those people who chance to be crossing the viaduct overhead.

HARDWICK WILL OPEN HIS CAMPAIGN TONIGHT

Sandersville, Ga., April 23.—(Special).—Congressman Hardwick and a large party of friends will leave Friday morning in an automobile for Augusta, where he opens his senatorial campaign that night.

Ewing Gives Bond.

J. H. Ewing, named by Percy H. Adams as trustee for the estate of Carl Wolfshelmer company, against whom involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were filed in the federal court March 9 last, has filed the \$3,000 bond required by the referee in his appointment order. When proceedings were first filed with the clerk of the federal court, J. H. Ewing was named receiver under \$5,000 bond, and was directed by order of the court to conduct the business, which he did satisfactorily until the first meeting of the creditors, when he was named by Referee Adams as trustee.

Memorial Day at Decatur.

The Agnes Lee chapter, U. D. C., of Decatur will observe Saturday, April 25, as Memorial day. The exercises will be at 11 o'clock and the program will be interesting.

The speaker will be Mr. Robert Ramspeck, of Decatur. Miss Harriet Milledge will sing "The Bugle Song." The children of the public schools will furnish other music.

Crosses of honor will be delivered; also the medal offered by this chapter in the state essay contest.

After these exercises graves of the soldiers in the Decatur cemetery will be decorated. All friends are cordially invited to join with Agnes Lee chapter in paying this tribute to our loved and honored dead.

Silver Tea.

A silver tea will be given by the ladies of Grant Park Baptist church, on the afternoon of April 26 from 3 to 6 o'clock at the home of Mrs. T. R. Stephenson, 121 Broyles street.

Luncheon for Bride.

Mrs. Henry Muench and Mrs. Carl Oeschig will entertain at a luncheon tomorrow at the Hotel Ansley in honor of Mrs. Carl Weitnauer, bride of last week, and Miss Ida Oeschig, of Savannah, and Miss Lottie Muench, of Benton Harbor, Mich. The decorations will be of pink roses and there will be fourteen guests.

Indorses "Damaged Goods."

Mrs. William Claer Spiker, president of the Atlanta Center of the Dramatic League of America, has received from Chicago headquarters a bulletin warmly indorsing the play, "Damaged Goods," which will be presented at the Atlanta theater.

HOUSER GOES NORTH FOR TWO CONVENTIONS

Fred Houser, secretary of the Atlanta convention bureau, will leave Saturday afternoon for New York and Boston, having in view the scalps of two big conventions for 1915.

He will go first to New York, where the American Cotton Manufacturers' association meets at the Waldorf, April 27 and 28. From New York he will go to Boston to attend the fourth annual national textile exhibit in Mechanics hall, April 27 to May 2.

Mr. Houser, as special representative of the Atlanta convention bureau, will endeavor to land these two conventions of allied interests for Atlanta in 1915, having both to come here at the same time. The building of the Atlantic Commerce company, on Edgewood avenue, which has a floor space of 400,000 square feet, has already been secured for exhibit purposes.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL GIVES SACRED CANTATA

At Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock, the senior class of the State Normal school, Milledgeville, Dr. Parks president, will give the sacred cantata, "Holy City," by Gaul. Training choir being the soloists. The senior class consists of 120 young ladies, who will be in the city to attend grand opera, and Trinity church invited them to give this musical work.

PERRYMAN CRITICALLY ILL AT MOTHER'S HOME

R. J. Perryman, vice president of the Brown-Perryman-Green Wholesale Hat company, is critically ill at his mother's home in Hedden, Ala. The physicians declare that there is practically no hope of recovery. Perryman is prominent in business circles in Atlanta, and has a host of friends in Atlanta who are deeply grieved over his precarious condition.

Miss Hood Recovering.

Miss Margaret Hood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Hood, of 38 Culbertson street, West End, who was subjected, the first of the week, to a dangerous operation at the Tabernacle hospital, was sufficiently recuperated yesterday morning to allow her removal to her home. Dr. Robert B. Riddle, surgeon in charge of the operation, is anticipating her rapid and complete recovery. Miss Hood is a daughter of George B. Hood, a deputy clerk in the local federal clerk's office.

No Strike Developments.

Sandersville, Ga., April 23.—(Special).—There are no new developments in the shopmen's strike on the Wrightsville and Tennessee railroad. Freight trains are not being run regularly. No men have arrived to take the strikers' places, but some are expected Friday.

TWO PAINTERS FALL WHEN ROPE BREAKS

John R. Bowers and Will D. Clay Have Narrow Escape From Death.

As the result of a rope, which was supporting a scaffold, breaking, two painters had a close call Thursday afternoon about 2 o'clock, when Will D. Clay, residing at 374 State street, fell two floors to the street pavement from the roof of the Central club at No. 1-2 North Forsyth street. John R. Bowers, living at 55 Sylvan avenue, saved himself from injury by clamping hold of the cornice on the second floor, and then dropping to his feet.

Clay fell on his face, with his left leg bent underneath him. He received a fractured skull and a broken hip. He was rushed to the Grady hospital in a semi-conscious condition. Doctors fear that he probably received internal injuries, and that complications of a serious nature might develop.

A few people were eyewitnesses of the fall, and a large crowd quickly

gathered around the wounded man, awaiting the arrival of the ambulance.



Keep the Hands Soft and White

MME. ISEBELL'S Lilac Hand Whitener, applied after washing, makes the hands soft and white and prevents chapping. Only a few drops, rubbed gently over the surface, are required. The hands deserve as much attention as the face, for, if not given proper care, they become rough, red and creased, indicating age prematurely. Price, 25c.

Other Superfine Toilet Aids

Mme. Isebell's Turkish Bath Oil, 50c and \$1.00.
Mme. Isebell's Exquisite Face Powder, 50c.
Mme. Isebell's Natural Blush Rouge, 50c.
Mme. Isebell's Rose Blush Stick Rouge, 50c.
Mme. Isebell's Skin Food and Wrinkle Paste, 50c and \$1.00.
Mme. Isebell's Fleish Worm Eradicator, \$1.00.
Mme. Isebell's D. C. Depilatory Powder, \$1.00.

Sold by Good Stores Everywhere

DOWNTOWN STORES:

The J. M. High Co., 104 Whitehall St.
M. Rich & Bros. Co., Benjamin Pharmacy Co., 104 Whitehall St.

Brannon Drug Store, 45 Marietta St.
Brown & Allen, 24 Whitehall St.

E. H. Cone, 60 Whitehall St.
E. H. Cone, 19 Decatur St.

Courtesy & Munn, 29 Marietta St.
Edmondson Drug Co., 11 N. Broad St.

Edmondson Drug Co., 106 N. Pryor St.
Elkin Drug Co., (Both Stores), 73 Forsyth St.

Green-Trent Drug Co., 42 Peachtree St.
Gunter-Watkins Drug Co., 231 Marietta St.

James Sharp, 431 Marietta St.
Hood Pharmacy, 65 Peachtree St.

Cox Prescription Shop, 431 Marietta St.
Medlock Pharmacy, 27 Gordon St.

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You'll be prouder than ever of your woodwork when you clean it with

GOLD DUST

It quickly dissolves and removes all dirt and grease, and cleans everything.

5c and larger packages.

THE FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"

A Timely Sale of Frocks for Formal Functions

Lace Gowns \$8.75 Satin Gowns
Net Gowns Crepe de Chine Gowns
Chiffon Gowns Combination Gowns
Values up to \$25 Values up to \$25

This is a timely opportunity for visitors from schools and colleges preparing for

Atlanta's Operatic Festival

Out-of-town visitors will find here laces, nets, chiffons, silks, satins and combination gowns and dresses in misses', young ladies' and women's sizes—ready for immediate use.

You'll Find the Right Dress

for afternoon or evening wear. Suitable for theatre, opera, dinner, matinee, garden party and club wear.

The skirts, in many cases, have tunics of lace and chiffon over satins; many puffed and draped skirts, blouses are of shadow lace and chiffon over nets with crushed girdle and sash of contrasting colors. Other models are of combination colors over white and cream, with crystal and ribbon trimming; also over nets with crystal embroidered tunics, fancy lace and chiffon trimmed blouse.

You can find in the collection light blue, pink, cameo maize, apricot, with overdresses of cream nets, chiffon and lace, in sizes 16 to 20 years, and from 34 to 40.

This is a two days' clearance of all of our dresses of this character at \$25 and under.

Whilst these have been used in the rush for the past two weeks in window and floor displays, none of them are soiled or injured—all are in first-class condition.

A Two Days' Sale for the Benefit of the Belated Buyer

Lace Gowns \$8.75 Satin Gowns
Net Gowns Combination Gowns
Chiffon Gowns Crepe de Chine Gowns

No Phone Orders Taken; None C. O. D.; None Approval

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Grand Opera Patrons
WE ARE SOCIETY'S SPECIAL AND BEST DRY CLEANERS.
Just now we are giving special and attractive prices on LADIES' EVENING GOWNS, WRAPS, ETC.
MAY'S DRY CLEANING CO.
Wm. D. May, Mgr.
39 Houston St.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
QUICK SERVICE ASSURED

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Fashionable Silk Dresses That Will Be Welcomed By Many Today at \$18.50

Dresses for street and afternoon. One would never think when looking at these pretty, Frenchy Dresses that their price is only \$18.50. Soft taffetas in plain and figured styles, and crepe de chins, figured and plain. There are ruffles and puffs and frills, and effective trimmings of pretty laces. All the fashionable, lovely color tones to select from.

There will be many needs for such Dresses as these during the next few weeks.

Beautiful Summery Blouses In a Sale at \$1.95

The last sale brought such a rush for these blouses they were all gone in a short while. Another shipment has just come. The price is the same.

There are four styles to select from. Dainty white voile blouses, prettily trimmed with Venise lace bands or medallions; V-neck styles, becoming collar, the new back and drop shoulders; three-quarter sleeves.

One especially pleasing blouse is of sheer, white batiste, with collar, cuffs and flat trimming down front of batiste, embroidery edge with pink, blue or green dots—very dainty—and a waist that will look just as well after many tubbings. Choose early today if you would get your share of these beautiful blouses at—

\$1.95

PUBLISHED BY THE GROWERS OF INDIA TEA

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Ella Chapin, of Richmond, Va., is the guest of her brother, Mr. W. E. Chapin, at the Georgian Terrace for opera.

Mrs. C. C. Jones, of Birmingham, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Walter Barwell, on her way home from LaGrange, where she was called on account of the illness and death of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Boykin.

Mr. and Mrs. Glendinning, of Oxford, Miss., will be the guests of Mrs. Elizabeth McCarthy at the Aragon during opera week.

Miss Mable Ansley is visiting friends in Athens, but will return for the opera.

Miss Susan Sharpe and Miss Beatrice Lampkin returned yesterday to their home in Waycross after a visit to Mrs. John O. DuFre.

Miss Euraia Gardien, of Birmingham, will arrive Monday to be the guest of Miss Augusta Gardien for the opera.

Mrs. S. E. Dinkins has returned from a visit to her daughter, Miss Dinkins, who is attending school in Washington, D. C. Miss Dinkins accompanied her mother to New York for the Easter holidays.

Miss Mary Scandregg, of Macon, will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry R. McLean, for opera.

Mrs. James R. Little is in Heflin, Ala., where she has been called on account of the critical illness of her brother, Mr. R. J. Perryman.

Mr. Perryman is vice president of the Brown, Perryman & Green company, of this city, and has many friends here who regret his illness.

Miss Ada Bell will entertain the members of her mission study class Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock at her home on West Twelfth street.

Mrs. R. W. Peoples left last night for a short visit to Baltimore.

Miss Grace Goldsmith is convalescing after a short illness.

Mrs. Clarence Disoway, of Black Mountain, N. C., will be the guest of Mrs. Dorsey McLeod for grand opera and Shrine week.

Mrs. Arthur Hale Gordon will entertain at a tea this afternoon at her home for Miss Gordon, of Boston, who is visiting here.

Mrs. R. W. McLean and little daughter, of New Orleans, arrive today to be the guests of Mrs. Lillian King LeConte until after grand opera.

Mr. H. E. Harman and Miss Mildred Harman leave Saturday for Brunswick to spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Phindry, of Athens, will be the guests of General and Mrs. Wright for opera week.

Miss Emma Kate Amoroso is at St. Joseph's infirmary where she was operated on yesterday for appendicitis.

Among the visitors from Nashville for grand opera will be Mrs. Carter Reeves, Mrs. John H. Reeves, Mrs. Harry Stokes, Miss Elizabeth Stokes Buford, Mr. and Mrs. Weaver Harris, Miss Frances Harris, Miss Emma Wharton, Mr. and Mrs. John R. McFerrin. They will be at the Georgian Terrace.

Mrs. Richard Lyon, of Anderson, S. C., arrives today to be the guest of Mrs. Harlow Blackley and Mrs. Robert Argo for a few days before going to Mrs. Arnold Broyles, whose guest she will be for the opera.

Mrs. Alex Bonnyman, of Knoxville, is the guest of Mrs. Bulow Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Rainwater have returned from a week's visit to New Orleans.

Mrs. Gilmore and Miss Gilmore, of Staunton, Va., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Gilmore.

Mrs. Clarence Cross, of South Carolina, will be the guest of Mrs. R. B. Gardien next week.

Miss Nell Prince is visiting Miss Martina Burke, in Macon. Mrs. Jack

Spaulding, Jr., arrives today from Cleveland to visit her mother, Mrs. James Prince. She will visit Mrs. Jack Spaulding later.

Judge and Mrs. Arthur Powell will take possession of their new home on Peachtree road Saturday.

Mrs. Chandler, of Athens, will be the guest of Miss Etta Boykin for opera week.

Mrs. George Wight, is visiting in Memphis, Tenn., and Mississippi.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Rumph, of Marshallville, father and mother of Mrs. Warren Grice, will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Grice during grand opera week.

Mrs. Waring Carrington, of Charleston, is the guest of Mrs. Gilman Morrow.

Mrs. T. Bertram Norris, of Baltimore, will arrive in Atlanta today to be the guest of her father, Mr. C. N. Fort.

Mr. and Mrs. John Raine announce the birth of a son, who has been named John Miller, after his maternal grandfather.

BAINBRIDGE COPS LOCKED UP IN JAIL AT SHRINERS' MEET

Bainbridge, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—All southwest Georgia Shriners were gathered in Bainbridge yesterday, and from early morning until after midnight took charge of everything and ran the town. And they were empowered to do so by the best of authority. At breakfast, in the two Pullman cars of Savannah nobles, Mayor J. W. Callahan presented a great silver and gold key to the city and told the members of the lodge that the first being the confining of the entire force for the night in the local jail. The meat was put through diverting antics all day long.

The exalted officers of Aleo were in numerical control, but many from Yarnab and Al Shihans, and even from temples far away, wore their gaudy fezzes through the entire day. The public parks and buildings and stores were all gayly decorated.

Early in the morning an excellent band concert was held in Cannon park. At 6 o'clock in the afternoon there was a parade of many novel features, and was followed by the ceremonial session, at which the following crossed the sands: J. W. South, G. S. Tucker, W. W. Johnson, B. H. Colbert, V. E. Rawlings, H. W. South, S. A. Ward, J. Morris of Bainbridge, D. D. and W. E. Smith of Attapulgus, W. C. Smith of Bingen, A. Riley of Thomasville, P. H. Trulock of Climax, E. P. Clay and P. D. Phillips of Thomasville, J. B. Tanner of Benevolence, H. P. Hughes of Babcock, L. E. Calhoun of Colquitt, J. M. Fidoock of Moultrie, J. E. Mize of Climax, C. Bush of Colquitt, L. H. Jerger, Thomasville, J. H. Baxter of Albany, G. W. McCully, of Valdosta, and L. E. Williams of Cordele.

R. LEE WARTHEN DIES; OWNED PROPERTY HERE

Sandersville, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—R. Lee Warthen, aged 87, said to be Washington county's oldest and wealthiest citizen, died here last night, and was buried at Warthen, Ga., this afternoon. He owned Herndon's bar, bar shop and adjacent buildings, besides other holdings in Atlanta. He gave \$20,000 for Herndon's property several years ago, and refused \$100,000 for it two years ago. He was a director of the Sandersville-Tennille railroad and many other enterprises. He is survived by two sisters, Mrs. H. A. Freeman, of Fayetteville; two brothers, George D. Warthen, of this city, and Eliza Warthen, of Warthen, Ga.—a town named after his father.

The funeral was attended by hundreds of citizens from all parts of the state. His will has not been made public, but it is thought that George D. Warthen will come into possession of the Atlanta property, he himself owning considerable property there.

SCHOOL BOARD FAVORS FREE SCHOOL LIBRARY

Impetus Given Movement by Suggestion Made by Commissioner Terrell.

Great impetus was given the movement to provide Atlanta school children with free school books yesterday afternoon when Commissioner J. H. Terrell agitated a "free school library" at the meeting of the city board of education.

Approval of Commissioner Terrell's suggestion was voiced by every member of the board, and while no definite move was made in the direction of actually putting the movement on foot, it is understood that the board will have its plans well started when the finance committee of council starts making the 1915 budget in January.

BAINBRIDGE COPS LOCKED UP IN JAIL AT SHRINERS' MEET

According to an estimate given the board by Commissioner Terrell, approximately \$11,500 is spent by school children and their parents for school books every year. Mayor James G. Woodward called the attention of the board to the fact that he started a similar fight for free school books twenty-five years ago, but he said he was heartily in favor of starting the ball rolling again. And they were suggested that the school board could get a good start accumulating a library by his services. Charges that the board is to secure the best books at a graduating pupils to donate their left-over books to the school library.

The agitation was started when a delegation of local book dealers asked the board to go on record as being opposed to contracting with any publisher of school books who will not agree to give the distributors 20 per cent for his services. Charges that the board is to secure the best books at a graduating pupils to donate their left-over books to the school library.

Board's Position.

Sentiment of members was that the school board has no authority to seek a lower price on books for the benefit of the dealers. Commissioner Morgan took the position that the board's duty is to secure the best books at the cheapest prices for the children. The board declined to make a demand on the publishers for a lower discount on behalf of the dealers, but the board is to secure the best books at a graduating pupils to donate their left-over books to the school library.

HARRIS TO ANNOUNCE FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Washington, April 23.—(Special.)—William J. Harris will undoubtedly make his formal announcement for governor within a few days. He expects to see President Wilson before he does so, to learn whether the president will object to his resigning his post in June, 1915, if elected, governor. The appearance of Mr. Harris' office today was very much like that of a campaign headquarters. His desk was covered with letters and telegrams from all parts of Georgia pledging him support. Mr. Harris said at least 1,000 such letters, and that every single county in the state was represented. He believes he will have an organization of personal friends and acquaintances to back him that will be irresistible. No definite word has yet been received from Representative Gordon Lee as to his political course.

Admitted to Federal Practice.

George R. Brown, Jr., of Carrollton, Ga., was yesterday presented to Judge Newman, of the United States court, by R. W. Adams, also a member of the Carrollton bar, seeking admission to the federal courts. The present application was approved by Judge Newman and he was registered by Deputy Clerk John Dean Steward.

Miss Kempton and Co-workers To Make Speeches for Bonds

Miss Elizabeth Kempton, the lovely young president of the Pan-Hellenic of Atlanta, with ten co-workers, will speak in the various wards of the city in favor of the bond issue and the greater hospital movement. The group of young women will speak in the public schools of the city, explaining to the children about the hospital, and how they can begin at the earliest age to learn the lesson of citizenship.

They will distribute greater Grady hospital buttons among the children, asking each child to ask his or her father to vote for the bond issue, May 5.

"And our work will continue after that," said Miss Kempton, "for when the bond issue passes, and the new hospital is built, and there is a place for the nurses to be, it is the purpose of our organization to support one or more nurses during the period of trying the new hospital."

We passed resolutions at our meeting last week to endorse the work for the bonds, and have been talking about it among our men friends, but after hearing Mr. Ivan Allen's address this afternoon, our inspiration was renewed, and we pledged ourselves to do our best in making speeches in the schools or anywhere we may be called in the wards where the schools center."

The young women to co-operate with Miss Kempton are Miss Elizabeth Hines, Mrs. A. B. Elkin, Mrs. Alice Sasser, Miss Alice Barone, Miss Sara L. Evans, Miss Nell Waldo, Mrs. Dowdell Brown, Miss Fannie Hinder, Miss Mary Lucy Turner, The Pan-Hellenic, which held its regular meeting at the University club, yesterday afternoon, is composed of the different college societies in Atlanta and represents a membership of 400.

ODD FELLOWS OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY SUNDAY

All Lodges in City Are Making Elaborate Preparations for Event.

What is expected to be the largest assemblage of the members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows ever held in Atlanta will be at the celebration next Sunday of the ninety-fifth anniversary of the order.

A military formation of the different lodges, clothed in the regalia of the order, will assemble at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets at 3 o'clock sharp, and will march to the city hall, where they will act as grand marshal of the day.

The procession of Odd Fellows will march down Alabama to Whitehall street, and will then turn eastward, marching to the First Presbyterian church on Washington street, which is just opposite the state capitol.

The anniversary ceremonies will be held in the First Presbyterian church, beginning promptly at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. Dunbar Ogden, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will deliver the sermon of the occasion. Special music will be rendered by the church choir, under the direction of Professor Joseph McLean.

The several lodges of the city are making preparations for the event.

DR. CALL WILL SPEAK TO CHAMBER MEMBERS

The members of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce have been invited to attend the lecture of Dr. Arthur D. Call, of Washington, D. C., director of the American Peace society, in the convention hall of the Piedmont hotel this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Georgia Peace society will meet today.

ED MURRY IS RELEASED FROM POLICE STATION

Ed Murray, a cripple, who was arrested recently by Plain Clothes Sergeant George Bullard and Patrolman T. D. Shaw, under suspicion of having been implicated in the recent safe robbery at Fairburn, Ga., was released from police headquarters yesterday afternoon after the failure of Fairburn officials to identify him, and after conclusively establishing his innocence.

MRS. WILLIE MORGAN HEADS EASTERN STAR

Annual State Convention of Order Ended on Thursday Night.

The state convention of the Eastern Star lodge closed last night after an especially successful two days' session at the Piedmont hotel, which was attended by nearly 500 members.

At the business meeting held Thursday morning Mrs. Willie B. Morgan, of Macon, Ga., was elected worthy grand matron, and B. F. Sutton, of Macon, chosen worthy grand patron.

Mrs. Rata A. Mills, most worthy grand matron, addressed the delegates Thursday afternoon, and Mrs. Rosa M. Ashby, grand matron, delivered the report of the grand chapter assembly. The general installation of officers took place last night.

ATLANTA MAN GOES TO MEXICO TO TAKE PHOTOS FOR MOVIES

Philadelphia, April 23.—(Special.)—Joseph T. Rucker, of Atlanta, special New York representative of the Spinnix Film company, left League Island navy yard on board the Moro Castle at noon today for Vera Cruz, Mexico. Upon arrival at Vera Cruz, Mr. Rucker will go aboard the battleship Novgorod and take motion pictures from the ship. In case of expeditions into the interior, motion pictures will be taken of military operations and battles. The pictures secured will be sent direct to Atlanta.

NEWTON IS PROMOTED BY PRESIDENT WILSON

Washington, April 23.—(Special.)—James T. Newton, of Georgia, at present assistant commissioner in the patent office, was today promoted to the position of assistant commissioner of patents, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Robert T. Frazier. In connection with the promotion of Mr. Newton, the president also nominated Robert T. Whitehead, of Virginia, to be assistant commissioner of patents. Mr. Newton was appointed to the patent office March 25, 1901, as an assistant examiner. He was later promoted to be examiner and November 24 last was promoted to be assistant commissioner.

Butler Toombs, of Washington, Ga., who has been in the census bureau for several years, was today given a fine promotion by Director of the Census W. J. Harris. Mr. Toombs is a great-grand nephew of Robert Toombs.

Memorial at Perry.

Perry, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Memorial exercises will be held on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the

TANGO FOR CORNS

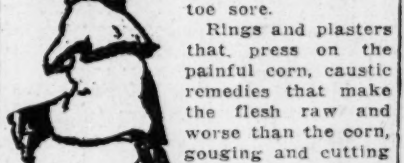
Root Out the Core Painlessly With TANGO; End Your Suffering.

No wonder everybody is enthusiastic about TANGO. It is the one safe remedy GUARANTEED to root out the CORE of the corn, without pain or making the toe sore.

Rings and plasters that press on the painful corn, caustic remedies that make the flesh raw and worse than the corn, gouging and cutting—only TANGO makes corns disappear.

That do not reach the root, the CORE, or kernel of the corn, TANGO for Corns is safe and positive. Applied in an instant, dries in a minute, and it's done. No bump in the shoe to press on the tender corn, no bandage to pull away with excruciating agony, no picking and gouging.

The first touch of TANGO ends your suffering, and it roots out the CORE of the corn painlessly and without swelling or soreness. If it does not your druggist will return your money. The one GUARANTEED remedy, 25 cents at all druggists. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs Pharmacy, Atlanta.



Why shouldn't it help you?

EDUCATIONAL

SCHOOL OF EXPRESSION

Mind—body—voice. Taught for 20 years. Send for list of Dr. Curry's books. "The Expression of the Face," "The Expression of the Body," "The Expression of the Voice." Boston, Mass. S. S. Curry, Ph.D., Litt.D., Pres. Curry St. Boston, Mass.

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37 and 39 North Perry Street. Manufacturers of Wholesale and Retail Paints, Stains, Varnishes, Etc. Bell Phone 4710. Atlanta 408

Tuberoses 15 Cents Dozen By Mail 25c

Have you planted out tuberoses bulbs for summer blooming yet? If not, don't delay longer. Fine, large, sure blooming bulbs of the Double Excelsior Pearl variety, very free blooming and deliciously fragrant.

Dahlias 15 Cents Each

Every year the Dahlia becomes more popular and rightfully so. With the introduction of the newer decorative and cactus varieties we have a worthy rival of the chrysanthemum, a rival that blooms both summer and fall. We have them in six colors, white, yellow, pink, purple, dark red and variegated.

Tomato Plants 20c Dozen

Large, smooth, delicious tomatoes fresh from your own plants cannot be duplicated from the market. A dozen or so plants in your garden will give you enough for your table. Varieties: Redfield Beauty, Matchless, Ponderosa, Acme and Dwarf Champion, all grown from Hastings' seed.

Peppers and Eggplant

Sweet and hot peppers of the best varieties for salad or for stuffing with meat—25 cents dozen.

Large Purple Eggplant, the variety that makes the big, smooth, dark purple fruits shipped in here from Florida during spring—25 cents dozen.

Use Your Phone. If not convenient to come, just phone us. Our numbers are: Bell, Main 3962, Main 2568. Atlanta 2568.

H. G. Hastings & Co.

16 West Mitchell St.

courthouse. Colonel E. A. Nesbitt, of Americus, will deliver the address. The school children will enter into exercises, each carrying a wreath of flowers, and will sing songs appropriate to the occasion. Chester Pearce will be master of ceremonies.

Home Face Peeling Becomes Popular

No complexion treatment yet discovered seems to have become so generally and so immediately popular as the mercolized wax process. Evidently the reason is that this method actually gets rid of a bad complexion, which can hardly be said of any other. To temporarily hide or bleach the defective skin with cosmetics cannot compare with the effect of literally removing the skin itself. Mercolized wax takes off the offending surface skin in flour-like particles, a little at a time, until there's none of it left. The new complexion thus produced exhibits a healthy glow and girlish beauty obtainable in no other way. This wax, which you can get at your druggist's, is applied at night in the same way you use cream, and is washed off next morning.

Here is one thing that actually does remove wrinkles, remove them quickly, and at trifling cost: Powdered sassafras, 1 oz., dissolved in 1/2 pt. which is used as a face bath (adv.)

HER EXPERIENCE

GAINED ON TRIP

Found That Ladies in State Agreed With Her on One Important Question.

Mangham, La.—Mrs. Lisa Barber, this town, who has returned from a trip in West and Middle Tennessee, has the following to say: "I have been on a trip in Middle and West Tennessee where I found many ladies using Cardui, the woman's tonic. While traveling I took great pleasure in telling what it had done for me—I not only praised Cardui—but advised poor suffering women to take it. I know that Cardui cured me, and I believe it will do the same for other women."

Some time ago I could hardly stand on my feet, and I had given up ever having good health. After using two bottles of Cardui I could tell it was helping me, and I continued taking it for awhile. I soon felt as well as I ever did, and could do all of my work.

I shall always praise this great medicine to every suffering woman. I think there is no other half so good."

Mrs. Barber would have found weak, ailing women taking Cardui almost anywhere she could have gone, because Cardui is recognized as the standard woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women back to health and strength in the past 50 years.

Why shouldn't it help you?

EDUCATIONAL

SCHOOL OF EXPRESSION

Mind—body—voice. Taught for 20 years. Send for list of Dr. Curry's books. "The Expression of the Face," "The Expression of the Body," "The Expression of the Voice." Boston, Mass. S. S. Curry, Ph.D., Litt.D., Pres. Curry St. Boston, Mass.

TRIPOD PAINT CO.

37 and 39 North Perry Street. Manufacturers of Wholesale and Retail Paints, Stains, Varnishes, Etc. Bell Phone 4710. Atlanta 408

Tuberoses 15 Cents Dozen By Mail 25c

Have you planted out tuberoses bulbs for summer blooming yet? If not, don't delay longer. Fine, large, sure blooming bulbs of the Double Excelsior Pearl variety, very free blooming and deliciously fragrant.

Dahlias 15 Cents Each

Every year the Dahlia becomes more popular and rightfully so. With the introduction of the newer decorative and cactus varieties we have a worthy rival of the chrysanthemum, a rival that blooms both summer and fall. We have them in six colors, white, yellow, pink, purple, dark red and variegated.

Tomato Plants 20c Dozen

Large, smooth, delicious tomatoes fresh from your own plants cannot be duplicated from the market. A dozen or so plants in your garden will give you enough for your table. Varieties: Redfield Beauty, Matchless, Ponderosa, Acme and Dwarf Champion, all grown from Hastings' seed.

Peppers and Eggplant

Sweet and hot peppers of the best varieties for salad or for stuffing with meat—25 cents dozen.

Large Purple Eggplant, the variety that makes the big, smooth, dark purple fruits shipped in here from Florida during spring—25 cents dozen.

Use Your Phone. If not convenient to come, just phone us. Our numbers are: Bell, Main 3962, Main 2568. Atlanta 2568.

H. G. Hastings & Co.

16 West Mitchell St.

COOK BOOK

Use any cook book you please—the one you have always known, or any new one if you prefer. Merely use

Cottolene

wherever the directions say butter or lard, always remembering to use one-third less Cottolene, for Cottolene goes much farther than either butter or lard.

You really have to save money if you cook with Cottolene, for according to chemical laws, a certain amount of flour can only contain a certain amount of shortening. If you were to use as much Cottolene as the recipe called for of butter, you would have too much Cottolene. This might do no harm, except in cakes, which might fall because of being too light and delicate. Yes, this applies to every department of the cook book, even to candies.

For example, just try this:

CODFISH BALLS

Take a pint bowl of codfish picked very fine, two pint bowls of raw peeled potatoes, sliced thickly, and boil in cold water until the potatoes are thoroughly done. Drain off the water, mash, add butter the size of an egg, one well-beaten egg and three tablespoons of milk. Flour the hands and make into balls. Put two ounces of Cottolene into a frying pan, and when hot, fry the balls to a nice brown. Or the codfish balls may be fried in hot Cottolene after the manner of fritters.

Our FREE Cook Book, HOME HELPS, will be found a valuable supplement to any books you may now be using. Write for a copy—also order a pail of Cottolene of your grocer.

THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO



BATTLE FOR LIFE OF LEO M. FRANK BEGINS IN COURT

Rumored That Defense Will
Present Today the Full
Report of Detective Wil-
liam J. Burns on Case.

C. W. Burke, a private investigator in the employ of counsel for Leo M. Frank, it is reported, will be the object of a scolding attack today by Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, when the prosecution opens fire with its counter showing in the retrial hearing before Judge Hill.

Mr. Dorsey will not talk, but he intimates strongly that a mass of evidence has been accumulated by detectives against Burke.

Burke has been one of the most active figures in the investigation that has been promoted by Frank's counsel into the Mary Phagan murder mystery since the fight was opened for a new trial. He obtained the majority of the affidavits representing newly-discovered evidence which was contained in the



A Parting Word

Ere you prepare for the
Grand Opera, the Shriners' affair, take our tip.

Full Dress Suits—\$18 and \$25.00. Tuxedo Suits, \$15.00 and \$18.00.

You are NOT to judge by price; let us prove the wisdom of your investment. We wear 'em, and we wear "pretty nice Globe Clothes."

Silk Hats and Opera Hats, \$4.50 and \$6.00. Full Dress Shirts, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Bows, 50c. White Kid Gloves, \$1.50.

Hello 139 Main, and a man will bring the outfit.

The Palm Beach Suits are really splendid, \$7.50 and \$10. With Hats to match (same cloth), \$1.00, and Sox (same color or white), 25c. Bows, 50c. Belts, too, that match, 50c.

Where's the man that wants a True Blue Serge suit? Head this way, and don't stop until you confront our Washingtonian mirrors. They tell the truth about fit, and staunch and tried Cherry ripened salesmen "can't tell a lie."

Blue Serge Suits, \$15, \$18, \$20.

Lots of things we want to say, but we'll tell you more—later.

THE GLOBE CLOTHING COMPANY,

89 Whitehall St., and
74-76 South Broad St.

Work For The Constitution; You Haven't a Chance to Lose

The Constitution is offering a battery of high-class automobiles, a collection of player-pianos and cash prizes in its subscription contest. The details are carried elsewhere.

The keynote to this contest is that if you invest even reasonable effort you can't lose.

You may win an automobile. What that means with the open season getting under way is obvious.

You may win a player-piano. The source of pleasure and education from one of these instruments is almost past estimate.

You may win a cash prize. In any event, well-directed effort will land you a compensation for your outlay.

Here is one competition where there are no blanks. It is easy to work for The Constitution.

The one morning newspaper in its territory is a friend-maker.

If you make friends for it, you win an auto, a player-piano or a cash prize.

Where can you get a better return for time and gray matter invested?

Address—
The Constitution, Contest Dept.
ATLANTA, GA.

new trial motion which Frank's defense filed Thursday.

The first day's hearing of the extraordinary motion for a new trial before Judge Hill was quiet enough yesterday, but it only served to set the stage for fireworks that are expected today when Solicitor Hugh Dorsey fires his opening guns to combat the newly-discovered evidence of Frank's attorneys.

Rapid progress was made in the hearing, which began at 10 o'clock in a committee room of the state library in the capitol. The defense submitted each of its nineteen grounds for a retrial by 4:10 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time Frank's counsel asked for an adjournment in order for time to consider the injection of other matters which they have hitherto withheld.

May Present Burns Report.

It was rumored persistently that the defense will present the report of Detective William J. Burns at this morning's session. The convicted man's lawyers stated, however, that there was hardly a probability of this, as they intended concealing the report from the police, whom they accused of crooked tactics.

Hugh Dorsey is expected to lay upon the table the sensational cards he admits holding up his sleeve. He is fortified with numerous affidavits from witnesses, it is stated, who have made affidavits for the defense. Dorsey will also submit the report of a private investigation, it is also said, into the process by which a number of affidavits attacking the character of witnesses, it is said, will be presented by the prosecution.

Detectives Aid Dorsey.

Mr. Dorsey was surrounded during the hearing by eight of the picked men from the staff of headquarters detectives. These men have been promoting the bulk of the solicitor's investigation, and are John Black, Bass Rosser, Jim Doyal, Pat Campbell, John Starnes, Bob Waggoner, Ben Gillespie and M. McGill.

He strongly prophesied vigorous attacks upon various phases of the newly-discovered evidence contained in the motion of the defense, when he took names and addresses from affidavits which Frank's lawyers submitted to Judge Hill. At one time he insisted upon the address of J. O. Knight, a notary who had attested an affidavit sworn by Ruth Robinson, a witness for the prosecution, who repudiates her testimony.

It is rumored that the Robinson girl has made an affidavit which has been put in the solicitor's hands, and which document will be the basis of a counter showing by the solicitor.

The notary's address, however, was not furnished, as Frank's counsel informed the solicitor that they were not acquainted with it. A detective was detailed by Dorsey to look it up.

"I want to get this notary public to face Ruth Robinson," Dorsey explained, although he would go no further into details.

Met Jim Conley.

A surprise was created when the defense introduced an affidavit signed by J. W. Booser, a collector for a tailoring firm located in Peters street, who testifies that he met Jim Conley on Peters street between 4 and 4:30 o'clock on the day Mary Phagan was murdered, and that he held a brief conversation with him.

Booser states in the affidavit that he had known Conley for considerable while, and that he had made repeated collections of weekly installments on a watch which the negro prisoner had bought from the collector, with which Booser worked at the time. He says that on this particular Saturday he asked Conley to pay his regular installments.

Conley, Booser swears, told him that he could get the money from Leo Frank, as he had previously done. Booser states that Frank had frequently paid the negro's weekly dues—\$1. This is the first time that this piece of evidence has been made public.

Mr. Dorsey's counter motion was not put on file Thursday. A demand that it be announced was made by the defense to Judge Hill at the opening of the hearing. Frank's counsel was informed by the judge that the solicitor had not filed any counter showing.

Motion Extraordinary.

The contents of the retrial motion extraordinary have been made public from time to time. They were read individually before Judge Hill. There were nineteen grounds, each of which represents newly-discovered evidence. They were chiefly the Mary Rich document, in which the woman says she saw Conley emerge from the alley in the rear of the pencil factory about 2:15 o'clock on the day of the tragedy, then return.

Also the Booser affidavit; the affidavits from Dewey Howell, Ruth Robinson and C. Brutus Dalton, the character witnesses, who repudiated the testimony they gave on the witness stand; those of Mrs. Ethel Harris Miller and Mrs. M. Jaffe, who swear they saw Leo Frank at Whitehall and Alabama streets at 1:10 o'clock on the 26th of April.

Other affidavits were from Dr. H. F. Harris, who figures in the hair phase of the mystery, and Professor G. Bachman, professor of histology and anatomy in the Atlanta Medical college. Dr. Bachman gives an expert analysis of the composition of human hair and an important angle of his affidavit is the statement that tar soap does not alter or change the texture of hair. He is corroborated by Dr. J. W. Papes, professor of histology and anatomy, who makes a similar affidavit.

Duffy's Repudiation.

The affidavit of J. E. Duffy, the state witness who renounces his testimony, was also submitted, along with a similar document from Ivy Jones, the negro witness, who stated he saw Jim Conley on the day of the murder, but who now denies all. An affidavit from H. F. Becker, dealing with the new development in the mystery of the murder notes, was also introduced.

Affidavits were presented by F. J. Paxton and Miss Mae Edwards, who testify to the character of Mrs. Ethel Harris Miller. Perhaps the most sensational of the documents submitted were the affidavits pertaining to the story of Mrs. J. R. Simmons, of Birmingham, who told the solicitor previously to the Frank trial of having heard screams from the basement of the pencil factory about 2:30 or 4 o'clock on the day Mary Phagan was slain.

Her affidavit is substantiated by numerous witnesses, who tell of having heard her talk of the screams she heard. She is also upheld by character witnesses.

Prejudice Charged.

Much stress was laid throughout the session upon prejudice and demonstrations during the Frank trial. It was alleged by Mrs. Simmons that fear hushed her voice and deterred her from submitting her story to Frank's attorneys in the interest of truth. Others tell in their affidavits of similar experiences.

Only officials directly concerned in the hearing are permitted within the little room in which the motion is being threshed out. Stalwart doorkeepers remained on duty throughout the day, keeping scores of curious persons from entering the place. Just how long the hearing will last is speculative. It will run into Saturday, however, is the general prediction.

SAY FAREWELL
To the old style Bi-Focals; get the Kryptok Invisible—no seams, cement or joints. See L. Moore & Sons make them. Let them show you how they are made. 42 N. Broad-St.—(adv.)

JUDGE HARRIS OUT FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Macon Jurist Declares He Is
in Race—Formal Announcement
and Platform to Be
Published Soon.

Macon, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Judge N. E. Harris, of Macon, is squarely in the race for the governorship. Tonight he authorized The Macon Telegraph to announce his candidacy, saying: "I have decided to enter the race, and feel that now is the propitious time to do it. My formal announcement will be ready for publication within a few days."

Judge Harris' announcement did not create any surprise here, for it had been pretty generally known among his friends that he would be in the race to succeed Governor Slaton.

Katherine Robertson.

Katherine, the 17-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Robertson, died early Thursday morning at the residence, 16 Conley street. The body will be taken to Lawrenceville, Ga., for funeral and interment.

Near Riot at Old Tabernacle Breaks Up "Healing" Meetings And Brings a Call for Police

The old Tabernacle was the scene of a near riot last night when a young man, who apparently had more curiosity than he did faith in the "divine healing power" of Mrs. M. B. Woodworth Etter, was commanded by the "healer" to stop standing in a chair, from which point of vantage he was enjoying himself while gazing upon the mysterious proceedings of the "divine healer."

So doubtful became the outlook for the continuance of peaceful relations that the police were called in to restore order.

Call Officers Evans and Gant rushed from police headquarters to the "meeting" and restored order. Shortly afterwards the large crowd which had been attracted to the scene dispersed, and the followers of the "divine healer" fled slowly out of the house.

Upon investigation the officers found that after Mrs. Etter had ordered the young man to get out of his chair, he had withdrawn to the rear of the hall, where he stood up on a bench against the wall. An usher had rushed

up to him and pulled him down to the floor, catching him by the tail of his coat.

The young man and several of his friends who had dropped in to the meeting with him had resented the affair, showing in a forcible way, it is said, their displeasure at the kind of treatment accorded their friend. No case was made against the young man.

Atlanta Greeks Wire

To Secretary Bryan
Offering to Enlist

Three of Atlanta's young Greeks who turned April 4 from service in the Balkan war, will leave this afternoon to offer their services to Uncle Sam.

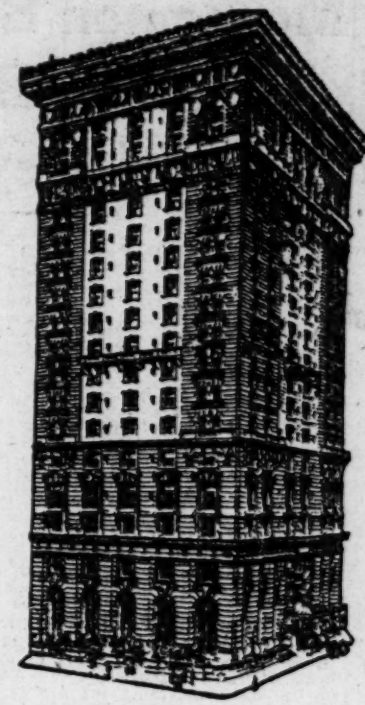
These youths were officers in the late war between their country and Turkey. They are Captain Gusp Hondros, Lieutenant Jim Leres, of third degree, and Chief Jimmie Heatys, of fifth class. They wired Secretary Bryan of their intentions, and received a telegram in reply commending them upon their volunteering to fight, as

they expressed it, "under our American flag."

The Greeks declare that in the Balkan war there were many Americans

who fought in the Greek army and they consider it their duty to reciprocate. They first go to Washington, D. C., and from there to Mexico.

HOTELS AND RESORTS HOTELS AND RESORTS



HOTEL GOTHAM

A Hotel of refined
elegance, located in
New York's social centre
Easily accessible to
theatre and shopping
districts.

Single rooms (lower bath)—\$2.50 to \$3.00
Single rooms with bath—\$3.50 to \$4.00
Double rooms with bath—\$5.50 to \$6.00
SPECIAL DISCOUNTS 25% to 50%
MAY 10 TO OCTOBER

Wetherbee & Wood

Fifth Ave. & Fifty-fifth St.
NEW YORK CITY

Another Surprise "Premier-Special" 6-49 \$2385.00

This car will be shown with the Wonderful Premier-Weidely at the Premier Dealers' Convention,
550 Peachtree Street, opposite Georgian Terrace Hotel,
TODAY and TOMORROW.

We cordially invite the public and those interested in automobiles, especially dealers and automobile mechanics, or anyone interested in and who appreciates

SUPERIOR MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION.
DON'T FAIL TO COME OUT.

Premier Sales Company

(BUSSEY & STEELE)

451 Peachtree Street

Phones Ivy 5146 and 5147

GOVERNOR TO SPEAK
AT DECATUR BANQUET

Decatur, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—The members of the Decatur board of trade, some 300 in number, will celebrate their second annual smoker Friday night at the courthouse in Decatur. The smoker will begin at 6:30 o'clock with a buffet supper. President W. J. Dabney will act as toastmaster. The speakers will be as follows: Mayor W. T. Hopkins, in absence of welcome; George M. Napier, introduction of Governor Slaton; Hon. John M. Slaton, "Our State Finances"; Ivan E. Allen, "Advertising Value of Stone Mountain"; L. J. Steele, "Educational Needs of Decatur"; Charles D. McKinney, "Decatur's Reputation." E. C. Ewe is chairman of the entertainment and reception committee.

FRECKLE-FACE

Fun and Wind Bring Out Ugly Spots, How to Remove Easily.

Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles, while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength, from Jacobs' Pharmacy, and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine, as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Work For The Constitution:
You Haven't a Chance to Lose

The Constitution is offering a battery of high-class automobiles, a collection of player-pianos and cash prizes in its subscription contest. The details are carried elsewhere.

The key to this contest is that if you just even reasonable effort you will not lose.

You may win an automobile.

What that means with the open season getting under way is obvious.

You may win a player-piano.

The source of pleasure and education from one of these instruments is almost past estimate.

You may win a cash prize.

In any event, you need effort will land you a consolation for your effort.

Here is one competition where there are no blanks.

It is easy to work for The Constitution.

The morning newspaper in its territory is a friend-maker. If you make friends for it, you win an auto, a player-piano or a cash prize.

Where can you get a better return for time and gray matter invested?

Address—

The Constitution, Contest Dept., ATLANTA, GA.

AMUSEMENTS.

ATLANTA Tonight
Saturday Matinee and Night
The Most Talked-of Play
DAMAGED GOODS
Nights 25c to 52c, Matinee 25c to 15c

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATRE
FORSYTH TONIGHT AT 8:30
Highest Grade Keith Vaudeville
"THE GREEN BEETLE"
Conlin, Steele and Carr, Eggert and Lippitt; Hopkins, Sisters; Mac West; Redford and Winchester, and Others.

LYRIC
Evenings at 8:15
Mat. Even., Thurs., Sat.
LUCILLE LAVERNE CO.
Presenting the Merry Comedy
SEVEN DAYS
With Miss Laverne in Original Role
Don't Miss a Great Show

ATLANTA Tonight

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GOV. TRAMMEL SPEAKS
AT DRAINAGE CONGRESS

Day at Savannah Ends With Elaborate Carnival and Street Dancing.

Savannah, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Governor Frank Tamm, of Florida, was the principal speaker at the second day's session of the National Drainage Congress. He declared Florida is making a splendid success of the gigantic project of reclaiming the Everglades. Governor Trammell joined with the other speakers in asserting that the federal government is duty-bound to aid the drainage movement by providing the funds with which the carry out various projects.

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Savannah, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—Governor Frank Tamm, of Florida, was the principal speaker at the second day's session of the National Drainage Congress. He declared Florida is making a splendid success of the gigantic project of reclaiming the Everglades. Governor Trammell joined with the other speakers in asserting that the federal government is duty-bound to aid the drainage movement by providing the funds with which the carry out various projects.

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COTTON DECLINES
AFTER RAINING

Closed Steady at Advance of Five Points on May, But Generally Two to Eight Points Lower.

New York, April 23.—After making new high ground for the movement during the day's early trading, cotton turned easier under realizing and selling for a reaction, with the close steady at a net advance of 5 points on May, but generally 2 to 8 points lower.

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RANGE IN COTTON OPTIONS

Range in New York Cotton.

Month	Open	High	Low	Close
Nov.	11.77	11.77	11.77	11.77
Dec.	11.76	11.76	11.76	11.76
Jan.	11.75	11.75	11.75	11.75
Feb.	11.74	11.74	11.74	11.74
Mar.	11.73	11.73	11.73	11.73
Apr.	11.72	11.72	11.72	11.72
May	11.71	11.71	11.71	11.71
June	11.70	11.70	11.70	11.70
July	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69
Aug.	11.68	11.68	11.68	11.68
Sept.	11.67	11.67	11.67	11.67
Oct.	11.66	11.66	11.66	11.66
Nov.	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65
Dec.	11.64	11.64	11.64	11.64

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Apr.	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69
May	11.68	11.68	11.68	11.68
June	11.67	11.67	11.67	11.67
July	11.66	11.66	11.66	11.66
Aug.	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65
Sept.	11.64	11.64	11.64	11.64
Oct.	11.63	11.63	11.63	11.63
Nov.	11.62	11.62	11.62	11.62
Dec.	11.61	11.61	11.61	11.61

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Aug.	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65
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Aug.	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65
Sept.	11.64	11.64	11.64	11.64
Oct.	11.63	11.63	11.63	11.6

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FOR SALE—Restaurant and soda fountain; a bargain for cash. 155 Peters Street.

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ATLANTA SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL MILLINERY
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FOR SALE OR TRADE—Brand-new Baby Grand piano, 502 Third Nat. Bank, L. 4226.

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THIS is sure enough gardening weather. It is perfectly safe now to plant out even the most tender plants. We have a large stock of the morning glories, petunias, etc. in the morning glories loaded with fresh, nice tomatoes, peppers and egg plants. All the things you want. Our plants have all been transplanted and are strong and well rooted. Fricot Tomato, 20 cents per dozen; peppers and egg plants, 25 cents per dozen.

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For chickens; ground every day. Campbell Bros., 83 Decatur street.

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TOMATO PLANTS!!
PER 100, 100 plants, 1,000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10, 5, 2, 1, 50¢. Large stock of plants of the "Earliana" variety, planted last of February in hot pits, 6 to 8 inches in length; very productive and extremely valuable for the market and also the home garden. All orders filled immediately by parcel post and express. Write for catalogue of plants to cover postage, etc. Bell pepper plants, Ruby, King and Chinese giant, 50¢ per 100 plants.

S. P. CUNNINGHAM, Wholesale Plant Grower, EVERGREEN, ALA.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.
Nancy Hall, per 1,000, 1,000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10, 5, 2, 1, 50¢. Porto Rico, per 1,000, 1,000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10, 5, 2, 1, 50¢. Doily Yama, per 1,000, 1,000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10, 5, 2, 1, 50¢. Discount on all orders. Write for catalogue of plants to cover postage, etc. Bell pepper plants, Ruby, King and Chinese giant, 50¢ per 100 plants.

SNED NURSERY will mail you catalogue of first-class fruit trees, plants and vines, shade trees, privet hedges, pecan trees, etc. Write for catalogue.

WAR with Mexico does not stop the sale of these fine fruit plants, egg and cabbage plants, all the things you want. Write for catalogue of plants to cover postage, etc. Bell pepper plants, Ruby, King and Chinese giant, 50¢ per 100 plants.

NANCY HALL, per 1,000, 1,000, 500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10, 5, 2, 1, 50¢. Yam potato plants, for \$2.00 per 1,000. Order from J. W. Sikes, Valdosta, Fla.

PURE Cleveland Big Bull cotton seed for sale, 10¢ per bushel, f.o.b. Newborn, Ga. O. D.

WE carry a complete line of field, garden and flower seed; also pet stock, J. C. McMillan, Jr., Seed Company, 23 S. Broad st.

FOR SALE—Upst—Champion, Warhorse and Shawincks Games. H. Roquemore, Mansfield, Ga.

PIGS

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey and Berkshire sows, gilts and pigs all the latest. Farnbrough Terrace Stock Farm, Bishop, Ga.

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FOR SALE—Full-blooded fox terrier pup-pies; two males \$10 each; two females \$5 each. IV 351-L.

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FOR SALE—Large pair horses, weighing 1,500 pounds each, registered, Farnbrough Terrace Stock Farm, Bishop, Ga.

FOR SALE—A splendid bay horse, plenty of style and a worker; weight about 1,100 pounds. Must sell at once. Call IV 1568 or West 517-L.

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SHETLAND HORSES—All kinds. Write your wishes to J. P. Frank, 204 Fourth avenue, North Nashville, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Five wagons and one buggy, 113 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Good sound work horse. Bran-den's Stable, 35 S. Forsyth st.

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WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture, cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 15 East Mitchell street, Bell phone Main 2424.

ONE upright piano cheap; cash or time. Phone us and we will mail you a rent list; some antique. Address P. O. Box 254, 1207 Peachtree street.

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FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR cash. S. M. SNIDER, 145 S. Pryor St.

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DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestaire, 166 Decatur st.

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ELECTRIC LIGHTS and steam heat. Euro-pean, \$2 a week and up 50¢ a day and night. American, \$7 a week and up \$1.50 a day and night. 331 Peachtree Street.

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Under new management. Clerk and bell boy. Just off Peachtree. Phone IV 5159, 67.

BELLEVEUE INN
NICELY furnished single or double rooms, steam heated, with or without meals. \$7 East Third. IV 1095-L.

ATTRACTIVE rooms, newly furnished, home cooking; references. 10 minutes to city by car line; opera visitors desired. 15 Ponce de Leon street. Phone IV 5159.

GOOD CHRISTIAN HOME for girls, reason-able rates, references required. Tabernacle Dormitory, 27 Luckie street.

ROOM AND BOARD in private home, gen- tlemen preferred. 206 N. Jackson, IV 7245-L.

ROOM AND BOARD in a private home, with only few boarders, summer location, near in, on Ponce de Leon avenue. IV 7843-L.

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MEALS sanitary, dainty. One room, 219 Peachtree street. IV 240.

FINE meals, delicious, dainties, varied menu, breakfast, lunch, dinner, without meals, best cooking in Atlanta. 275 Peachtree. IV 840.

PEACE INN
Under new management. Clerk and bell boy. Just off Peachtree. Phone IV 5159.

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LOVELY front room, adjoining bath. IV 7010.

NICE large cool rooms, with or without board; excellent food. 21 W. Peachtree place. IV 212.

DELIGHTFUL and newly furnished room, with best table board, all modern conveniences, splendid location. IV 2270-J.

ANYONE desiring clean rooms and appet- izing table can find same at 131 Ivy. IV 5925.

DELICIOUSLY furnished rooms and excel- lent food, walking distance, 72 Walton st. IV 5988-L.

LARGE bright room; good table board; reasonable rates. 12 Baker. IV 3254-J.

DELIGHTFUL room, with or without pri- vate bath, also very best meals, by day or week. 21 1/2 W. Peachtree. IV 125.

WILL accommodate a few boarders, also table board. 308 Peachtree. IV 5159.

WANTED—Select couple to board at 20 Ponce de Leon Ave. IV 719-J.

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THREE nicely furnished rooms, with or without board, 48 Luckie street.

BOARDERS WANTED—Attractive subur- ban home; all conveniences. Decatur 270.

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202 RAWSON STREET
LOVELY board and room. Main 4727.

LARGE room; private bath; best table board; location, college Park; best of all. If desired, private home. East Point 476-J.

THREE dandy rooms, gentlemen; every con- venience; good board. 133 Richardson St. Main 2614.

NICELY fur rooms with board; close in; gentlemen only. 418 Mitchell st.

NEAT room and board; couple or gentle- men. Main 4251. 593 1/2 South Pryor street.

168 CENTRAL AVENUE—Furnished rooms, with or without board.

NICELY furnished rooms and board, 181 S. Pryor. M. 3712-J.

ONE nicely furnished room and board, 55 of All. Phone 3227.

FURNISHED room with board, near cap- ital. M. 4472.

WANTED—Boarders: men preferred; close in, all conveniences. Call M. 2130-L.

HOMELIKE board and room for two, 278 Rawson street. Decatur 425.

STRICTLY exclusive board, Miss Crush, 87 Capitol square, opposite state capitol.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

ROOM WANTED—Gentleman, holding nice position desire room with a private family with privilege of breakfast and Sunday meals. Location, north side or Inman Park, about 30 minutes ride to city; give particulars. Address D-78, Constitution.

WANTED—Good board with private family, with two connecting rooms and private bath; for myself, wife and little girl, 4 years. Gladly furnish reference. Address D-78, Constitution.

TWO college graduates want adjoining, fur- nished rooms, with bath, in apartment or private home in vicinity of Georgian Terrace; references exchanged. P. O. Box 287, Young, gentleman desires board in West End family. Address C-281, Constitution.

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FURNISHED.
NICELY furnished home; north side; over- looking Piedmont park; to couple without children. May to October. Garage and servant's house. Phone IV 3170.

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102 IVY ST.
30 ROOMS and close in, for a rooming and boarding house this cannot be beat.

CANDLER BLDG. IV 444.

267 CENTRAL AVE., corner of Rawson st., nice 8-room house, modern conveniences, cash front, nice walking distance. Vacant May 1, \$25 per month. Owner, 271 Central Ave. Phone IV 444.

FOR RENT—My residence, two acres; 11-room house, large barn, electric lights, city and well water; large chicken yard; fine garden; all kinds of fruit; beautiful front. K. C. Williams, Williams Hotel.

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OUR weekly rent list gives full descriptions of anything for rent. Call for a copy or mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair, 113 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Good sound work horse. Bran- den's Stable, 35 S. Forsyth st.

FOR RENT—Houses

FIVE-ROOM house, newly papered and painted; gas and water; good neighbor- hood. Apply 235 Courtland St. IV 2214.

Call, write or phone for pure, Raw-Ed- win, P. Ansley East Dept., second floor Realty Trust Bldg., 1400, Al. 152.

FOR RENT—Six-room bungalow on St. Charles avenue. Call Owner. IV 4028.

HOUSES, apartments and more for rent. Phone us and we will mail you a rent list; some antique. Address P. O. Box 254, 1207 Peachtree street.

FOR RENT—My 8-room north side resi- dence, 184 1/2 Edgewood ave. IV 5284-J.

FOR RENT—Houses all parts of city. O. R. Moore & Co., 404 1/2 S. W. M. 524.

FOR RENT—Rooms

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A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms, call on us. We will give you the best of the Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.

Third Floor Constitution Building. Main 5000, Atlanta 5001.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, adjoining bath, \$2, \$3, \$5, \$7, 10 weekly. Transients accommodated. Apply John at 1845 S. Fifth ave., New York. Tel. 7176 Murray Hill.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

NEW TEN-STORY and FIVE-PROOF. Steam-heated rooms with connecting bath. Private family. 175-A Forrest ave. IV 2448-J.

Nicely furnished room, connect- ing bath; close in; 5 minutes' walk to Five Points. Phone 6794-Ivy.

THE EDGEWOOD

NEW, modern; all outside rooms. The cool- est and nicest downtown place in city; 5 minutes' walk from Five Points. Rates reasonable. 184 1/2 Edgewood ave. IV 5284-J.

FOR TWO gentlemen, large front room in private home; dressing room, running water, hot and cold, located; ten minutes' walk from town. 4 Forrest ave. Call IV 1132.

NEWLY FURNISHED room, close in, one door off Peachtree; 11 Currier st. 1, 1485-J.

I HAVE a handsomely furnished room for two business women or gentlemen; private family. 175-A Forrest ave. IV 2448-J.

GENTLEMEN—Well ventilated front room, adjoining bathroom, conveniences. 202 Courtland. IV 5601-J.

GENTLEMEN; nice rooms; all conveniences, one block postoffice. 21 Courtland. IV 5601-J.

DELIGHTFUL front room, north side, pri- vate home; all conveniences, electricity; meals near. IV 5601-J.

I HAVE one room, modern in every respect; would rent to business men or gentlemen. 400 Spring street. IV 5037.

FOR RENT—Nice front room to one or two young men. IV 5280-J. 2 fur. rooms for housekeeping, electric lights. 197 Capitol avenue. IV 5280-J.

NICELY furnished room in a quiet home; close in. 181 Ivy st. IV 3018.

LARGE front room, with lavatory, 2 beds if desired. IV 2872.

NEWLY fur. front room in private family, 191 Spring st., apartment 2. IV 8227-J.

HOT WATER, electric lights, near room, 24 1/2 Peachtree. IV 2422-J.

Two nicely furnished rooms, north side, private home, all conveniences. IV 4438.

LARGE cool, nicely furnished, front room; gentlemen. 45 West Harris street.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

CAN accommodate four young men, large room, electric lights, all conveniences. Phone M. 5418. 58 Washington st.

ONE fur. front room, 110 fur. rooms for housekeeping, electric lights. 197 Capitol avenue. IV 5280-J.

FIVE nicely furnished rooms. 439 South Pryor street. Phone Atlanta 6128-B.

FOUR nicely furnished rooms for rent, 48 Woodward avenue. Main 4381-J.

NICELY furnished front room, by week or month, 147 Pulliam st.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

TWO front rooms and kitchenette, connect- ing bath, instantaneous heater. 66 West Peachtree place. IV 1021.

OR 4 unfurnished rooms, near in, all con- veniences. 56 Simpson street.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

IN brick house, lower floor, attractive con- necting rooms with pantries and china closet, sink in kitchen; easy walking distance; no children; references exchanged. Main 2268.

THREE rooms and a bath, upstairs, 104 Windward street.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, 150 Cramley street. IV 2244-J.

FOUR rooms, private bath, modern con- veniences, 242 Stewart ave. Main 5122.

FOUR unfurnished rooms for rent, with phone. 275 Whitehall street.

THREE or four unfurnished rooms; all con- veniences. Empire Bldg. Main 2218-J.

UNFURNISHED—WEND.

THREE desirable, screened rooms, sleep- ing porch; reasonable. West 1549-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

SUITE of rooms, with connecting rooms furnished or unfurnished. Phone IV 1226, 214 Peachtree street.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

*Rich's
Good Morning!*

\$14.75

for New \$25 to
\$35 Silk Dresses

THE values are not
of our arbitrary
fixing. Similar styles
from the same makers
have been selling
steadily here at \$25,
\$29.50 and \$35.

WITH these few exceptions
from regular stock—
marked down to conform in
price to these newcomers—every
dress shown is spic and
span new—not one was shown
before Wednesday.

From among so many dresses,
one chooses freely—the sale
started with more than forty
different styles. There are—
—fashionable chiffon taffetas in
solid colors and changes,
—the delightful Pussy Willow taffetas
with their pretty flower de-
signs,
—the popular crepe de chine, solid
colors or combined with flowers,
—rich charmeuse silks with the
elegance of a satin finish,
—flowered silks, poplins and novel-
ties—not many of these.

None worth under \$25; many
worth \$29.50 and \$35; choice,
\$14.75.

\$9.95 for \$19.75 to \$25.00
French Crepe Dresses.
\$24.75 for \$40 to \$55 fine
Silk Gowns.
\$24.75 for \$35 to \$45 new
Spring Suits.
(Second Floor.)

Filet Laces:

The Lace Beautiful
at About Half-Price

FILET LACES! It's Filet
"season"—today we are
selling yard after yard and
piece upon piece for use on cur-
tains, bureau scarfs, table cov-
ers, luncheon cloths, center-
pieces and so on. Natural
enough, however, for these
fashionable laces are at about—

HALF-PRICE & Choice
is from the largest and
most comprehensive as-
sortment ever shown in
the South.

Choose from medallions, cen-
ter pieces, curtain strips, buffet
scarfs, insertings and edges.
Many women are buying the
medallions at 15c to \$2 each.
Others up to \$7.50.

(Laces—Main Floor, Right.)

Grand Opera

Recital

on the \$500 Grafo-
nola Grand with

Interpretative Readings of

Un Ballo in Maschera
& Lohengrin

THE reader ana-
lyzes the plot
and explains the story
of Un Ballo in Mas-
chera (The Masked Ball) and
Lohengrin up to the point of
the various selections, which
are then played upon the Grafo-
nola Grand. It is a delightfully
interesting way to acquaint
oneself with the operas to be
given here next week.

Ample seating arrangements
have been provided. Recital
begins today (Friday) at 4
o'clock.
(Grafnola Dept., Third Floor.)

ECONOMY BASEMENT

Garbage Cans:

Make for Sanitation
About the Home

These are heavy galvanized cans,
practically indestructible. All have
covers. Prices according to size.
These are the savings:

60c—3 gallon, at 45c.
75c—5 gallon, at 65c.
90c—6 gallon, at 79c.
\$1.10—8 gallon, at 95c.
\$1.25—10 gallon, at \$1.10.

Garden Rakes 10c

Garden or lawn rakes with 18
strong iron teeth.

55c Brooms 39c

—2½-pound full headed broom,
made of selected broom corn.
Every straw full and uniform;
no filling used. Five-string tied,
wire wrapped handle.

M. RICH & BROS. CO. AT

PLEA FOR HOME ENDS POLICE BOARD MEET

Seventeen Ballots Cast, But No
Chairman Has Yet Been
Elected.

After seventeen full ballots had
been cast by the members of the police
board in the hope of electing a chair-
man for the honorable body, the com-
missioner yielded to the seductive word
painting by Commissioner George F.
Dickson, of the manifold beauties and
delights of home, and adjourned.
The commissioner, it is stated, lives
in the suburbs, and infinitely prefers
home life to the turmoil of politics.
So when seventeen ballots had ended
about the same way that 48 others had
gone, he decided it was about time to
break up the meeting.
"If you want to elect a commis-
sioner," he advised, "do it on the outside.
We can't do it here. Four hundred and
eighty-six ballots have told us that,
and I can't conceive 'nothing more
truthful than these 46 votes we've
thrown to the winds.'"
Here he was interrupted.
"Winds and what else?" called Com-
missioner Johnnie Patterson.
"Well," retorted Commissioner Dick-
son, "Candidates Pace and Pain."
"I had a lot rather be at home with

my wife and children than here peck-
ing away at something which we all
know is hopeless. I move we adjourn."
There were ten seconds to his mo-
tion. The whole board chorused,
"Aye."
The vote throughout the seventeen
ballots stood five for Bill Pain; three
for R. T. Pace and two for W. A. Ver-
noy, with the Vernoy votes ready and
willing to go over to Pace at a mo-
ment's notice. Colcord and Lee Smith
were absent.

PREMIER MOTORMEN CONVENE HERE TODAY

H. O. Smith, President of Com-
pany, Will Arrive in Atlanta
This Morning.

H. O. Smith, president of the Premier
Motor Manufacturing company at In-
dianapolis, Ind., will arrive in Atlanta
today to be present at the Premier
dealers' convention to be held in At-
lanta today and tomorrow. Walter
Weidely arrived here yesterday, and
will demonstrate the exceptional qual-
ities of the new Premier.
The display of the Premier's new
car, the Premier-Weidely, will be held
at 550 Peachtree street, in connection
with their latest model Premier Special.
All their dealers from ten southern
states will be here to look over the
new models announced by this firm.
The cars were shipped from In-
dianapolis to Atlanta by express in or-



H. O. SMITH.

der to get them here in time for this
convention, as the factory has been
swamped with orders since they an-
nounced their new model.
A banquet to the dealers will be given
by J. E. Levi, southern district man-
ager of the Premier Motor Manufac-
turing company.

ATLANTA SCHOOLS ON UNIT SYSTEM

Continued From Page One.

grades in the schools at the present
time.

Seven Years Sufficient.
The only doubt in the minds of some
members of the board and others who
have given study to the "unit system"
is whether or not the average child
can finish in seven years a course of
studies which requires children eight
years to master. Commissioner Guinn
made a study of the system in the
cities of Richmond, Baltimore, Hous-
ton, Dallas and other Texas cities, and
learned that no difficulty was encoun-
tered. Wherever the system has been
tried out, according to Commissioner
Guinn, the school authorities devoted
considerable time and thought to the
subjects of study and attendance, and
found that with a very simple course
of study and by limiting the number
of pupils to forty for each teacher,
both student and teacher were bene-
fitted—the former by being trained ac-
cording to his or her wishes, and the
latter by gaining in efficiency.

When the school board reaches that
stage of the subject dealing with the
age limit of children applying for ad-
mission to the schools, and is very prob-
able that the board will ask a change
in the school limit, raising the limit
of children to seven years.
Unanimously Approved.
It is doubtful if any reform in the
school system has ever met with more
enthusiastic response of educators than
Commissioner Guinn's resolutions. The
measures were introduced at a recent
meeting of the board, and at that time
they were given careful and earnest
consideration. But in order that the
subject be thoroughly investigated, the
board referred the measures to the
teachers and school committee, and
Thursday afternoon the committee re-
turned a unanimous approved report.
Mayor James G. Woodward was pres-
ent at the meeting and took a deep in-
terest in the subject, and in his favor-
able comment he declared that he will
ask the finance committee of council
and the finance committee when the
time is ripe.
The board also adopted the resolution
severing the normal school from the
girls' high school and connecting it
with the grammar schools. This
resolution was also proposed by Com-
missioner Guinn.

Richard Hill Brown.

The body of Richard Hill Brown,
founder and publisher of the Southern
Banker, who died Wednesday, will be
taken to Luverne, Minn., for funeral
and interment.

Established 1903, Tom
Weaver, a reputable popular
price tailor, 130½ P'tree St.



Most Snow shoes

at \$4.50 and \$5.00, and some at
\$4.00, are equipped with the *Snow*
Arch Supporting Insole.

¶ This insole is unlike any of the usual
tangle-wood or copper devices which raise
the arch but weight down the foot.

¶ It isn't supposed to be a cure for the man with a
fallen arch; it is a prevention for all of us, who,
forced to stand on our feet a deal, are developing a
tendency toward flat-footedness.

¶ Light as a feather, it buoys the foot; it doesn't
sink it. You won't know it's there, but it's doing
its work.

¶ See how much firmer your foot will feel. Waiting for you!

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan

50-52 Marietta Street
The Distinctive Clothiers and Furnishers

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 \$4.00 & \$4.50 SHOES



Over 150 styles, kinds
and shapes, in all
leathers, sizes and
widths, to suit
everybody.

BEGAN BUSINESS IN 1870
ON \$675 CAPITAL. NOW THE
LARGEST MAKER OF \$2
\$4.00 SHOES IN THE WORLD

\$1,006,279
INCREASE

In the sales of W. L.
Douglas shoes in
1913 over 1912.

THIS is the reason we give you the same
values for \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50
notwithstanding the enormous increase
in the cost of leather. Our standards
have not been lowered and the price to
you remains the same.

Call at my store and see for yourself
the kind of shoes we are selling for \$3.50,
\$4.00 and \$4.50.

A trial will convince you that for style,
comfort and service W. L. Douglas shoes are
absolutely as good as other makes costing
\$5 to \$7. The only difference is the price.

I call your especial attention to my low,
broad heel, receding toe English Walking
Boots in Tans, Gun Metal and Imported
Patent. Also, my exclusive short vamp
shoes which make the foot look smaller.
W. L. Douglas conservative, comfortable
shoes, which require no breaking in, are
worn the world over.

The Best \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00 Boys' Shoes in the world
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! None genuine without W. L. Douglas
name stamped on the bottom.
If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct
from factory. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, post-
age free. Write for Illustrated Catalog, showing how to order by mail.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 100 State Street, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.: 11 PEACHTREE ST.

MORTUARY

Mrs. Fannie Mitcham, Hamp- ton.

Hampton, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—
Mrs. Fannie Mitcham, wife of A. B.
Mitcham, died at 3 o'clock Wednes-
day afternoon. She is survived by
her husband and four children—F. A.
Mitcham, A. B. Mitcham, Jr., Mrs. J.
M. Fugh, of Macon, and Mrs. Nellie
Forest. The funeral was held at 3
o'clock Thursday afternoon. Inter-
ment in Berea cemetery.

Mrs. L. A. Finch.

Word has been received from Napa,
Cal., announcing the death of Mrs. L.
A. Finch, formerly of this city, who
died at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.
She is survived by one son, C. O.
Finch, and two daughters, Mrs. M. J.
Hollinger and Mrs. Beattie H. McCon-
nell, now living in California, and one
son, William E. Finch, residing in At-
lanta.

S. C. Gaston.

S. C. Gaston, aged 58, died Thursday
morning at his home in Eagle Park.
He is survived by his wife, five sons
and two daughters. Funeral will be
conducted this morning at 9:30 o'clock
in the residence, and interment will
be in Mount Zion cemetery.

Mrs. L. A. Finch.

News has been received in Atlanta
that Mrs. L. A. Finch, formerly of this
city, died recently at her home in Napa,
Cal. Mrs. Finch is survived by two
daughters and two sons, one of whom,
William E. Finch, resides in Atlanta.

W. D. Clay.

W. D. Clay, aged 32 years, died
Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock at a
private sanitarium. The body was
taken to Ponce's chapel and later
moved to his residence, 374 State
street. Funeral will be held Saturday
afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the re-
sidence, and interment will be in Clay
cemetery. He is survived by his father,
and mother, his wife, five children and
a sister.

George K. Leonard.

George K. Leonard, of Atlanta, died
Wednesday in a private sanitarium in
Memphis, Tenn. He is survived by his
wife and two children, George K. Leon-
ard, Jr., and Margaret Leonard.
Funeral arrangements will be an-
nounced later. The funeral will be pri-
vate.

COL. CLINTON THOMPSON TO REST IN WEST VIEW

The body of Colonel Clinton P.
Thompson, a prominent lawyer of Ala-
mo, Ga., who committed suicide Wed-
nesday, will be brought to Atlanta this
morning and will be held this
afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Patterson's
chapel. Rev. Dunbar H. Ogden will
conduct the service, which will be in West
View cemetery.

Colonel Thompson is the son of the
late Colonel P. G. Thompson, of Atlan-
ta. He was a member of Odd Fellows
Lodge No. 446, and Junior Order of
American Mechanics, No. 163, of Ala-
mo, and Order of Eagles, No. 174, of At-
lanta. Surviving him are his wife,
one son, Clinton P. Thompson, Jr.; a
brother, B. E. Thompson, of Atlanta,
and a sister, Miss Frances Thompson,
of Alamo.

AUCTION SALE

MAY 2, 1914.

3:30 O'CLOCK.

Plats are now being prepared of the old Palmer Brick Company property
on Marietta street.

This property will be cut into nine lots, having a frontage of 75 feet on
Marietta street, with a depth of from 200 to 300 feet, having 80 feet on
the railroad.

This location, the natural lay of the land, and the fact that you are
going to be able to get it at your price, is going to make this the most
desirable railroad property in the city.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS

We still have a small amount of space unoccupied in both our fireproof
and slow-burning buildings. If you have any idea of storing your goods we
invite you to inspect our warehouses, and see what care we take of your
goods.

THE JOHN J. WOODSIDE STORAGE CO.

135-7 BELL STREET. 235-7-9-41 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.
PHONES: BELL, Ivy 2637, Atlanta 1113.

WEYMAN AND CONNORS

FIRST MORTGAGES ON ATLANTA REAL ESTATE
Established 1890. Trust Company of Georgia Bldg.

SELLING POWER

That's the thing needed to make that Book-
let of yours bring in the Results.

A Booklet or Catalog so poorly printed that
one look is enough to convince the Business Man
that its contents are not worth his attention, and
which almost automatically goes into the waste-
basket, means money, time and effort wasted.

We ACCENTUATE THE SELLING
POWER OF YOUR ARGUMENTS BY
GOOD PRINTING. Phone Main Two Six
Hundred.

Foot & Davies Company

Five Seconds From Five-Points

GET A HOME

Buy a lot and I'll draw your plans and
furnish specifications for everything. Can do
it cheaper than anybody else in At-
lanta. Have big stock of brick veneer,
2-story and bungalow house plans to
make selection. Let me talk to you; I'll
save you money.

FRITZ WAGENER,
Room 1208, Fourth National Bank Bldg.,
Atlanta, Ga.

**\$10,000 in Amounts of \$5,000 Each
TO LOAN ON Atlanta Improved Property**

W. O. ALSTON

1216 Third National Bank Building

JOEL HUNTER & CO., ATLANTA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

NO CASH PAYMENT

Buy a home and pay for it like rent. Pay me \$60 a month, with interest,
and I will sell you my nice Juniper street home. No cash down. Address
Excellent, Box 55, Constitution.

MEXICANS RIOTING AGAINST AMERICANS

Continued From Page One.

Mexicans rioted yesterday against for-
eigners, indicated that probably there
has been no loss of life.

L. P. Boone, superintendent of the
National Tehuantepec Terminals at
Puerto Mexico, asked that his mother
at Fort Sam Houston be notified that
he was safe aboard the steamship
Texan, in the harbor.

Dr. George R. Tabor, of the United
States marine hospital service, reported
he was safe aboard the steamer Dako-
ta in Puerto Mexico harbor.

NAVY PAYMASTER TAKEN AT TAMPICO.

Baltimore, Md., April 23.—Paymaster
Copp, of the United States navy, was
arrested on the pretext that he was
a relative of Madero, according to a
message from a war correspondent
given for transmission by wireless to
Captain Haralson, of the steamer Bor-
gestad, which reached here today from
Tampico. The wireless on the Bor-
gestad broke down and the message was
not known until the vessel docked
here.

Copp afterward was released from a
Tampico jail with scant apology. The
message said, and Admiral Mayo sent
word to Zaragoza that he must make
ample apology and fire a salute be-
fore 6 p. m., or he would take drastic
action. The message was dated
April 10.

Ogden Trebor McClurg, president of
a Chicago publishing company, a pas-
senger on the Borgestad, said feeling
against Americans in Tampico was
bitter.

ANTI-AMERICAN RIOTING REPORTED.

San Diego, Cal., April 23.—Tele-
graphic advices received here at 8:30
p. m. from American Consul Guyant
told of anti-American rioting at En-
senada, Mexican federalists and the pop-
ulace, according to the report, were
attacking the Americans.
The monitor Cyrena, now in San
Diego harbor, will leave immediately
under rush orders for the Mexican
city.

**RED
MAN**

DUNWOOD

Just out, 2 for 25 Cts.

EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

LODGE NOTICES

A special communication of
the V. D. Luckie Lodge,
No. 89, F. & A. M., will be
held tonight (Friday) at
7:30 o'clock in their hall,
corner Gordon and Lee
streets. The M. M. degree
will be conferred by our Past Master
J. R. Hyington. All qualified brethren
are cordially invited to attend. By or-
der of J. O. CAMPBELL, W. M.
J. M. HUNNICUTT, Secretary.

There will be a special
communication of No. 523, this
(Friday) evening, at 7:30
o'clock in Master Mason de-
gree. All duly qualified
brethren invited.
J. E. GARRISON, Secretary.

A regular communication
of Piedmont Lodge, No. 417,
F. & A. M., will be held at
Masonic Temple, this (Fri-
day) evening, April 24,
1914, at 8 o'clock. The Fel-
lowcraft degree will be con-
ferred. All Masons duly qualified are
fraternally invited to meet with us.
H. M. WOOD, Secretary.

ATTENTION, EAGLES!
The following will meet at 2:30
p. m. this date, to
discuss the business of our late Brother
C. E. Thompson.
By order
E. H. McDONALD, President.
H. A. FISCHER, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

THOMPSON—The friends and relatives
of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton P. Thompson
and family, who died Wednesday
afternoon, April 23, at 4:30 p. m.,
will attend the funeral of
Mr. Clinton P. Thompson today (Friday),
April 24, 1914, at 2:30 p. m., from the
chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son, The
Rev. Dunbar H. Ogden will officiate.
Interment will be in West View cem-
tery. The following named gentlemen
will please act as pallbearers and
meet at the chapel at 2:15 p. m.: J. J.
Ridley, Col. Henderson, Hallman,
Judge L. P. McClelland, Capt. L. W.
Roberts, Col. Paul Herdridge, Col. Law-
ton Nally, Col. John Y. Smith and Col.
Alexander W. Stephens. Members of
Alamo Lodge, No. 445, I. O. O. F., F. O.
U. A. M., No. 103, of Alamo, Ga., and
F. O. E., No. 714, of Atlanta, and all
members of sister lodges are cordially
invited to attend.

WIER—The friends and relatives of
Miss Margaret Adeline Wier and Mr.
and Mrs. William Wier and family
are invited to attend the funeral of
Miss Margaret Adeline Wier today
(Friday), April 24, 1914, at 2:30 p. m.,
from her late residence, Center
street. The Rev. George A. Hinnant will of-
ficiate. Interment, Hollywood cem-
tery. The gentlemen selected to act
as pallbearers will please meet at the
chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at
2 p. m. The friends desiring to at-
tend the funeral will take River car
and get off at Center Hill.

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
Funeral Directors, 246 Ivy St.
G. H. BRANDON, R. M. BRANDON,
President, Vice President,
J. W. AWTRY, Secy. and Treas.

MORPHINE

Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habit
at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject
free. DR. A. W. WILSON, 177 N. Myrtle
Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

Make State and County
Tax Returns NOW. Books
close April 30.

T. M. ARMISTEAD,

Tax Receiver.

COLUMBUS IS ADVOCATED AS MOBILIZATION POINT

Columbus, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—
The following telegram was sent this
afternoon by the board of trade
through its president, Judge S. P. Gil-
bert:
"Hon. John M. Blanton, Atlanta, Ga.:
In case of any mobilization of Georgia
troops in connection with the Mex-
ican imbroglio, we urge you to design-
ate Columbus as the point of mobiliza-
tion."
Hon. W. C. Adamson, Washington,
D. C.: In case of any movement of
troops in connection with the Mexican
situation, we recommend the use of Geor-
gia ports."

PIG IRON INDUSTRY OPERATED AT LOSS

New York, April 23.—The pig iron
industry in the United States is being
operated at a loss of a million dollars
a month, according to the report of
John A. Fenton, of Cleveland, secre-
tary of the American Pig Iron associa-
tion, to the general meeting of the as-
sociation here today. The report said
many furnaces have been shut down
and a number of plants are in the
hands of receivers. The report pro-
tested against the new tariff and said
the wages of thousands of employees
either have been reduced or will be re-
duced.

Romans Are Enlisting.

Rome, Ga., April 23.—(Special.)—
There has been a rush of patriots
to the recruiting office here.